# WELCOME TO RIGAKU VIRTUAL WORKSHOPDEEP DIVE: FILTRATION ANALYSIS3. Filtration Simulations

Riga





## Presenter: **Angela Criswell** | Senior Scientist Co-presenter: **Aya Takase** | Director of X-ray Imaging Host: **Tom Concolino** | Analytical X-Ray Consultant





GEODICT The Digital Material Laboratory

## Philipp Eichheimer, Ph.D. | Math2Market Application Engineer





#### You can ask questions during the presentation. We might turn on your microphone for further discussions.





#### Recording will be available tomorrow.





#### Filtration Analysis – 3. Filtration simulations Virtual Workshop presented by Angela Criswell





#### FILTRATION ANALYSIS SERIES

- 1. Data collection
- 2. Segmentation and property analyses
- 3. Filtration simulations



## THINGS WE'LL COVER

- How to simulate the filtration process for filter media
- How to track particles during filtration simulations
- How to examine filter efficiency and filter life time





#### nano3DX by Rigaku High resolution and high contrast for soft materials





#### **GeoDict by Math2Market** The Digital Material Laboratory





#### HOW DO WE SIMULATE FILTRATION?



#### FILTRATION SIMULATION



- Fluid flow
- Particle tracking
- Clogging and resistivity models



## FLUID FLOW

- Navier-Stokes
  - Pores are resolved
- Navier-Stokes-Brinkman
  - Pores are not resolved



#### **RESOLVED VERSUS UNRESOLVED**



Resolved particles



Partially resolved particles

		$\bigcirc$	
	$\bigcirc$		

Unresolved particles



#### PARTICLE TRACKING

Drag flow

Electrostatic effects Diffusive (or Brownian) motion















• Resolved (threshold = 0.5)





• Resolved (threshold = 1.0)











0.3 0.6 0.1

ø.4

0.9 1.0 0.6

0.6 0.9

		,			
0,3	0.9	0,3			
0.4	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.1	
	0.1	0.9	1.0	0.6	
		0.6	0.9	.0.4	







• Unresolved ( $F_{max}$ )

















## **COLLISION MODELS**

- Caught on first touch
- Hamaker model



• Sieving Restitution coefficient =  $\frac{v_2}{v_1}$  initial velocity

H. Krupp, Advances in Colloid and Interface Sci., 1967, 1 (2), 111.



#### SO, HOW IS FILTER PERFORMANCE DESCRIBED?



## DEFINING FILTER PERFORMANCE

- Pressure drop
- Dust holding capacity (DHC)
- Filter efficiency (e)
  - $\beta$  ratio is efficiency for a given particle size



D downstream)



#### FILTER EFFICIENCY AND B RATIO

II (unstream)	d = particle diameter	<b>n</b> <sub>initial</sub>	n <sub>D</sub>	ß ratio	е
	n <sub>d,filtered</sub>	100,000	50,000	2	50.0 %
A Contraction of the second se	Efficiency: $e_d = \frac{n_d}{n_{d,initial}}$	100,000	25,000	4	75.0 %
flow	100	100,000	10,000	10	90.0 %
	$\beta$ ratio: $\beta_d = \frac{100}{100 - e_d}$	100,000	5,000	20	95.0 %
	n	100,000	1,000	100	99.0 %
D downstream)	$\beta_d = \frac{n_{d,initial}}{n_{d,D}}$	100,000	500	200	99.5 %
,		100,000	100	1,000	99.9 %

Hutten, I.M., 2007. "Handbook of Nonwoven Filter Media." Elsevier.

Math2Market GmbH, Becker, J., Eichheimer, P., Planas, B., 2021. "GeoDict User Guide - FilterDict 2022." Math2Market GmbH, DE.

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#### FILTER LIFETIME EXAMPLE









Microstructure	Pressure drop (10 <sup>4</sup> Pa)	Dust holding (g/m <sup>2</sup> )	
Homogeneous	3.867	129	
Linear	4.247	361	
Exponential	3.477	632	

Azimian, M., Kühnle, C., Wiegmann, A., 2018. Chemical Engineering & Technology 41, 928–935.



### THINGS WE COVERED

- How to simulate the filtration process for filter media
- How to track particles during filtration simulations
- How to examine filter efficiency and filter life time



## Q & A SESSION











We'll follow up with your questions.

Recording will be available tomorrow.

Register for the next workshop.







Broad program with presentations and workshops by GeoDict experts from Math2Market and international GeoDict users on

- Image analysis & Image processing for CT-scans, and
- Simulations in the fields of
  - Filtration,
  - Batteries and fuel cells materials,
  - Digital Materials R&D and
  - Digital Rock Physics (DRP) Digital Core Analysis (DCA).

## THANK YOU FOR JOINING US SEE YOU NEXT TIME

