

BENEATH THE SURFACE: X-RAY ANALYSES OF BATTERY MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES

A Battery Webinar Series by Rigaku

Non-destructive Inspection of Batteries Using X-ray Computed Tomography

Starting at 1 pm CDT



- *You will be muted during the webinar.*
- *You can ask questions using the Q&A tool.*
- *You should hear music if your sound is working.*

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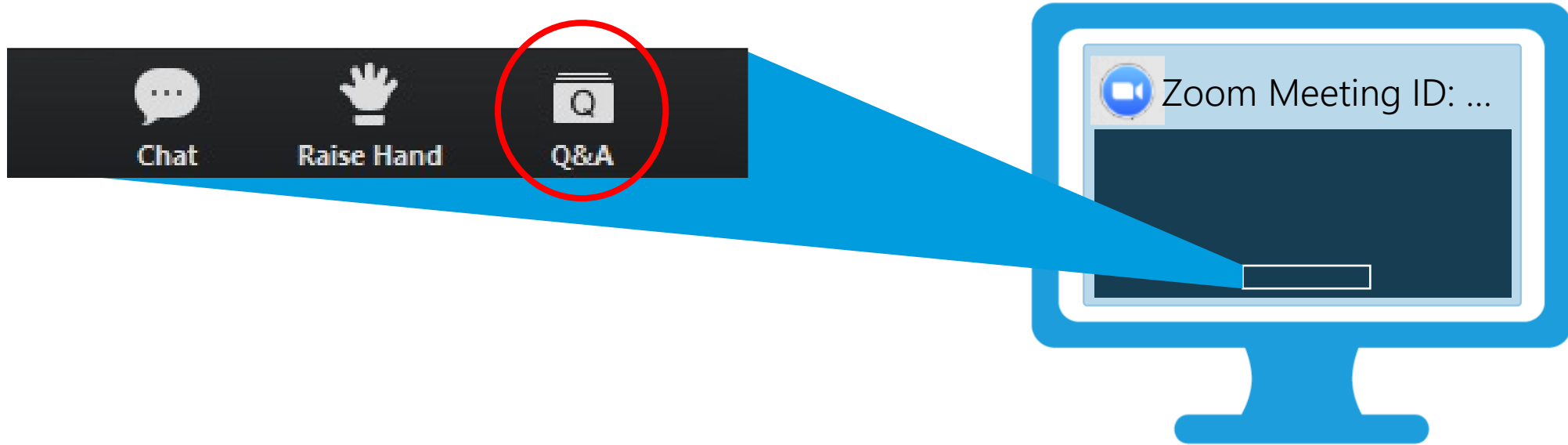
We are starting now...



Presenter: **Angela Criswell** | Director of X-ray Imaging

Co-presenter: **Tim Bradow** | Sr. Business Development Manager

Host: **Aya Takase** | Head of Global Marketing



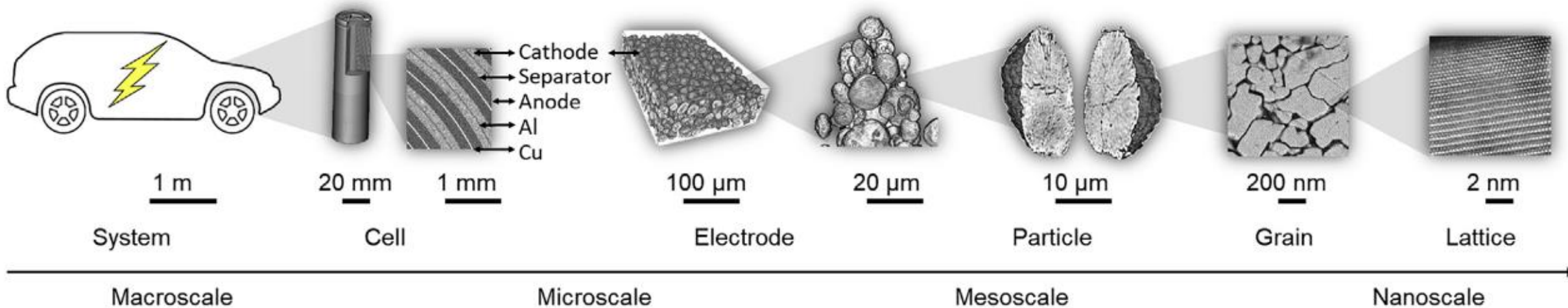
You can ask questions following the presentation.



Recording will be available tomorrow.



Non-destructive inspection of batteries using X-ray computed tomography



[Qian, G., et. al., 2021. Cell Reports Physical Science 2, 100554.](#)

We will discuss:

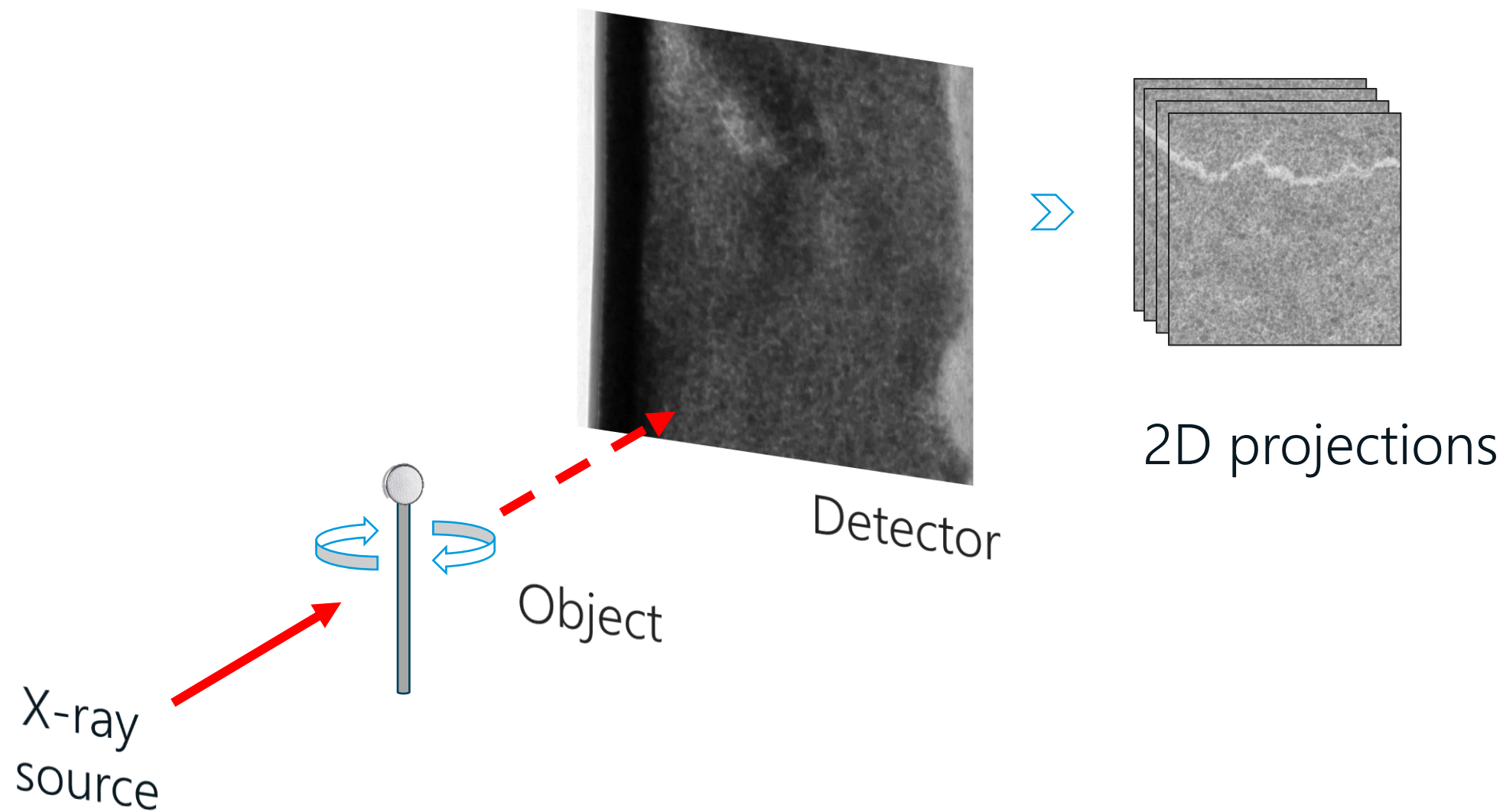
- What is X-ray CT?
- What are the considerations when using X-ray CT for battery research?
- What information can we extract from CT data about batteries?
- Battery analysis examples

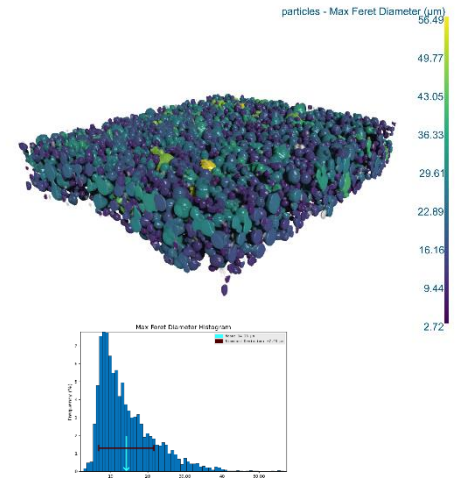
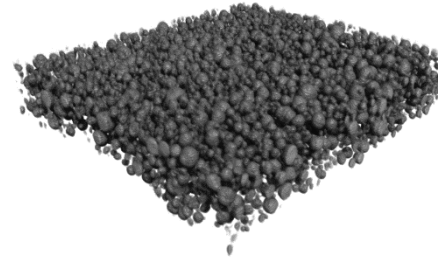
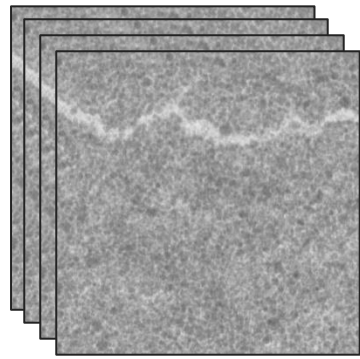
Polling Question #1



Microsoft Stock

What is X-ray CT?





CT scan



Reconstruction



3D Data



Segmentation
& data analysis

What are the considerations when using X-ray CT for battery research?

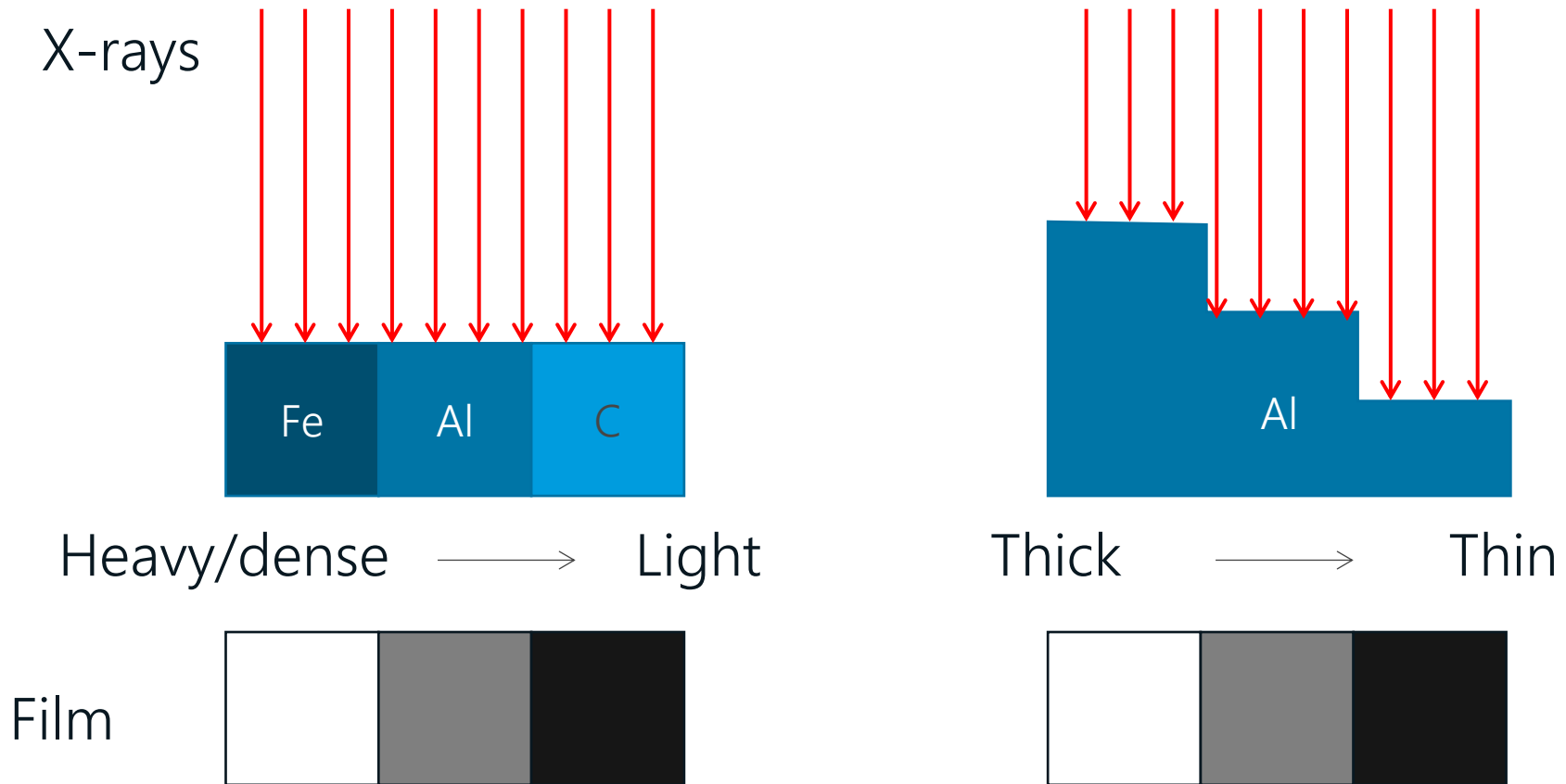


X-ray CT experiment considerations

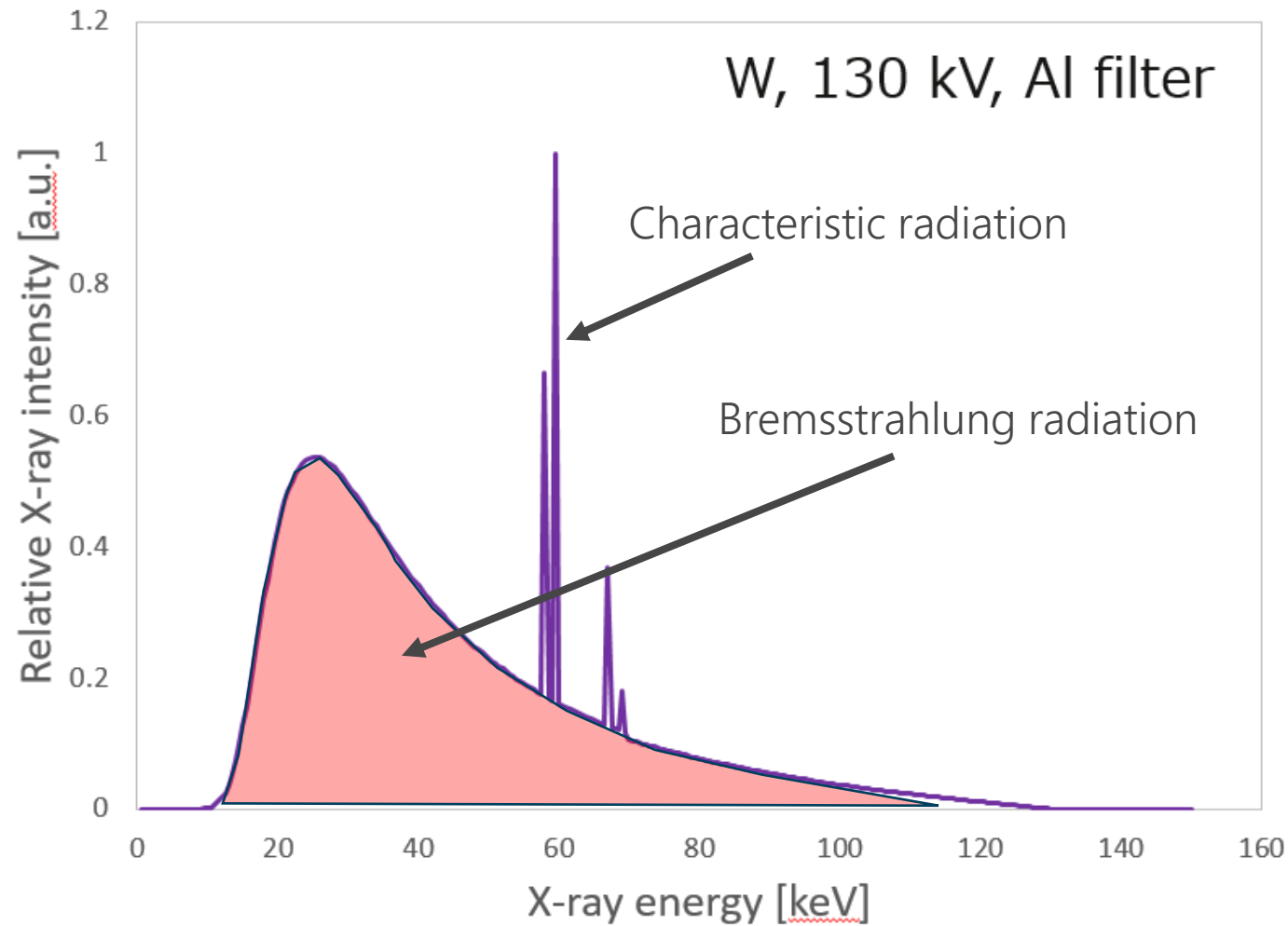
- X-ray energy
- Image contrast
- Spatial resolution
- Field of view (FOV)
- Signal-to-noise
- Experiment type

X-ray energy & image contrast

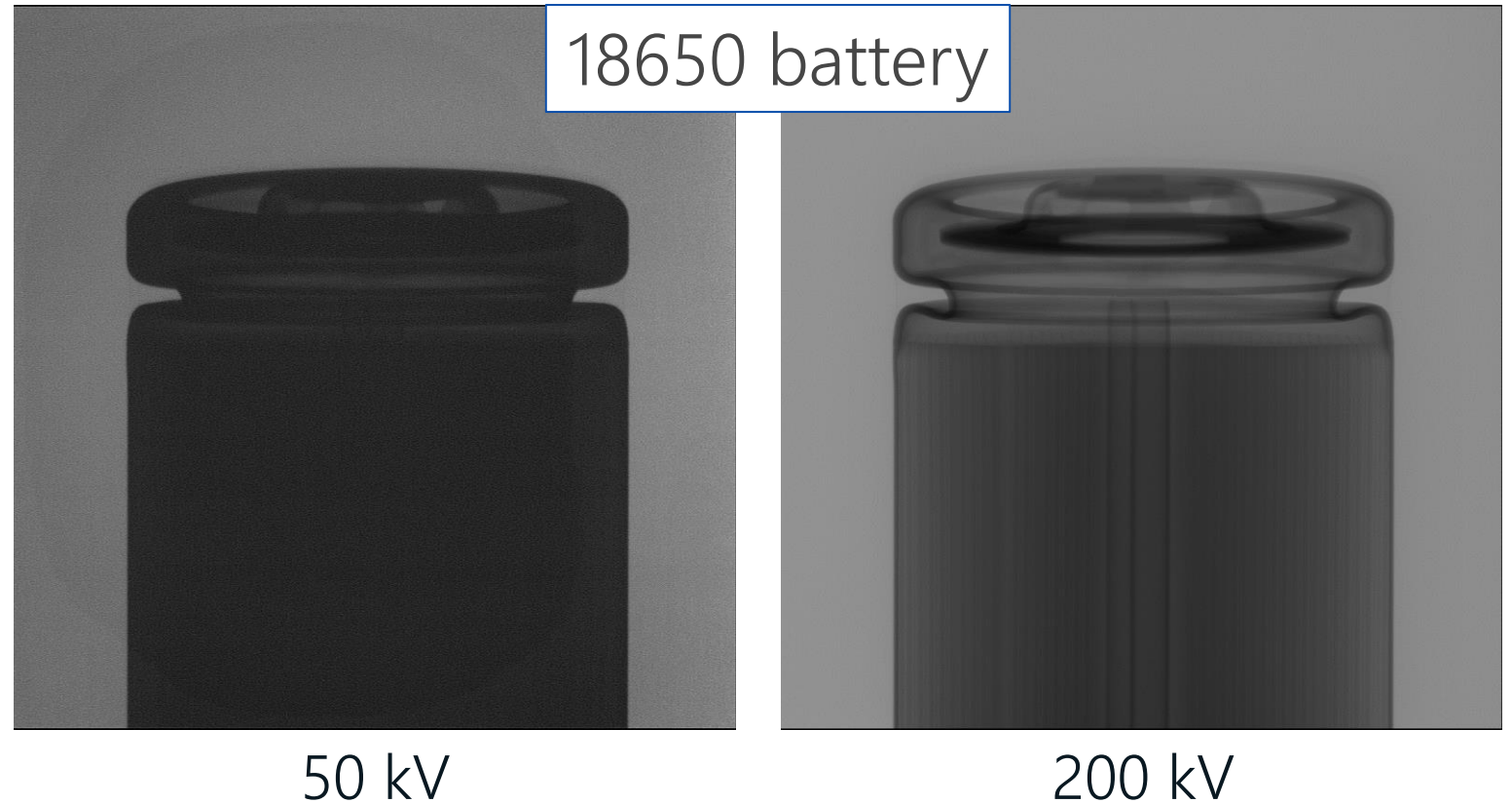
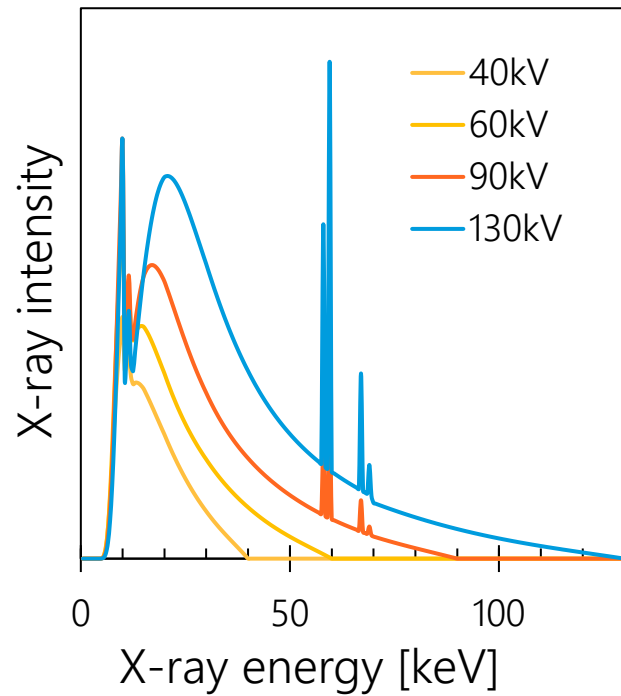
X-ray CT is an X-ray absorption technique



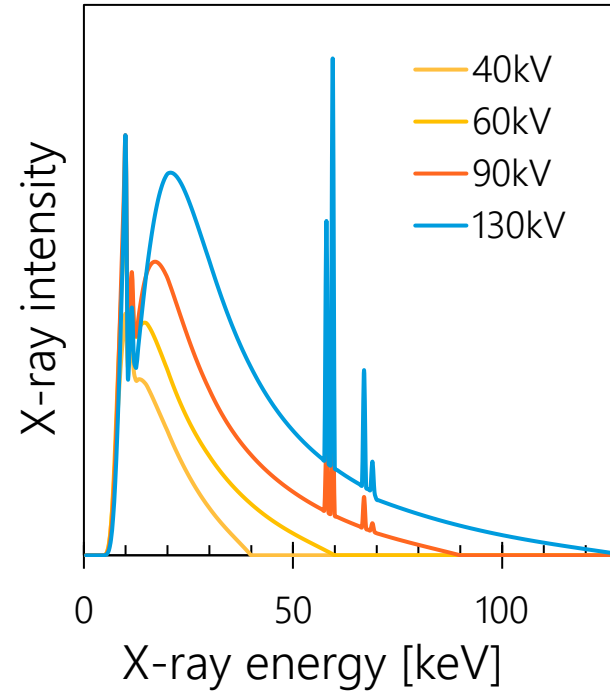
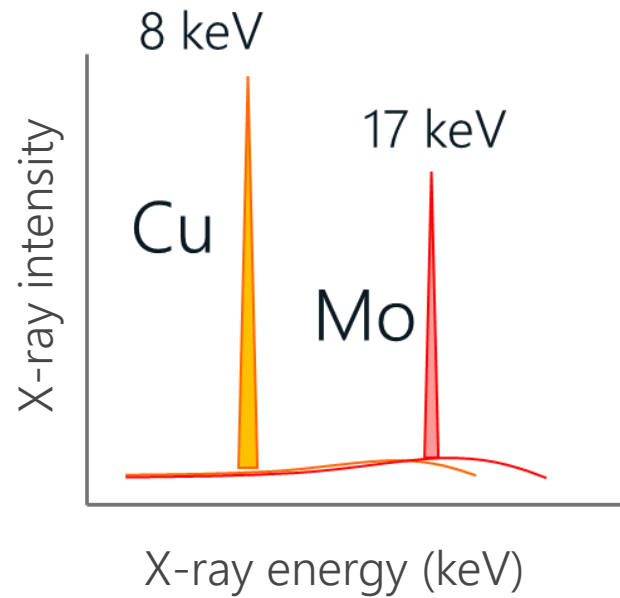
- Bremsstrahlung vs. characteristic radiation



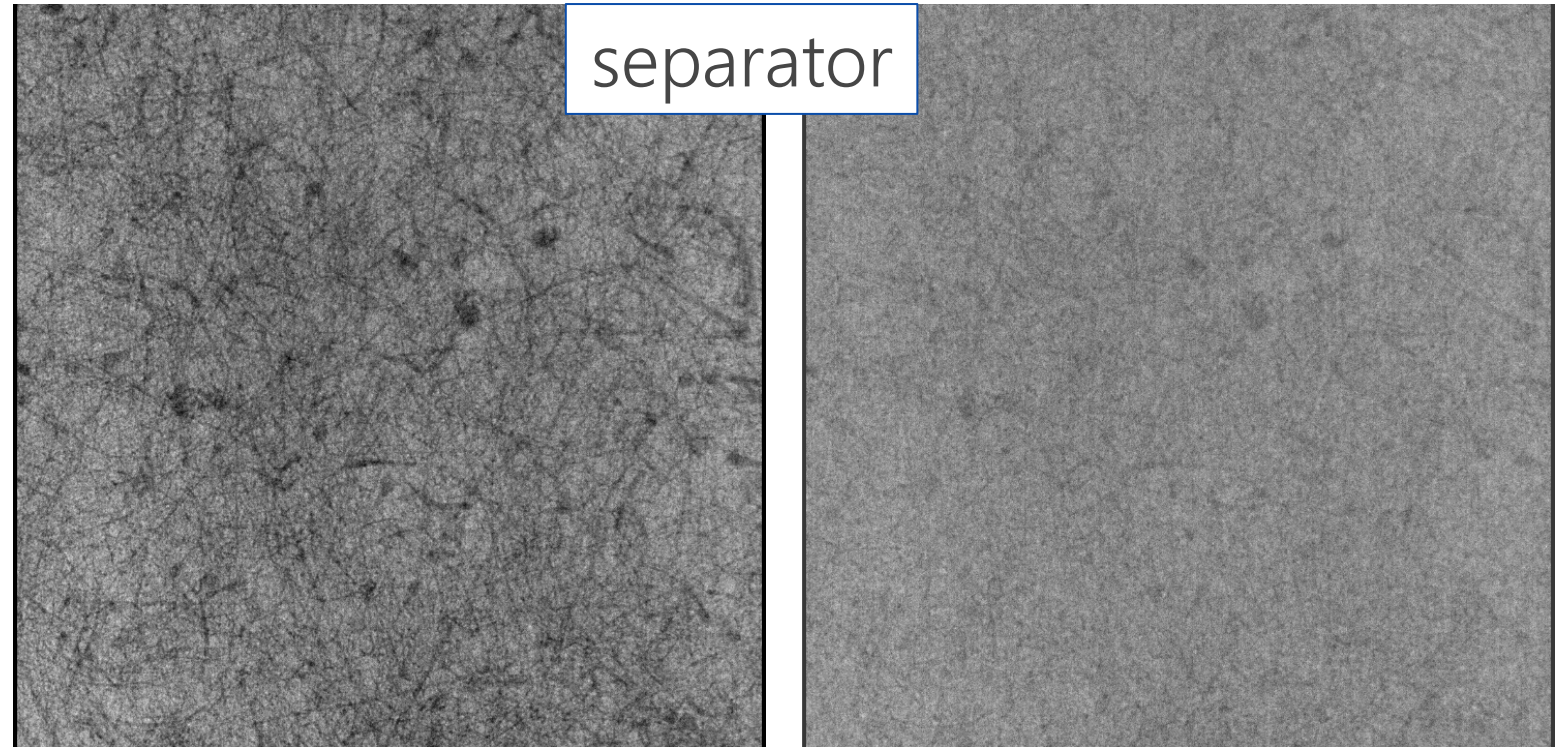
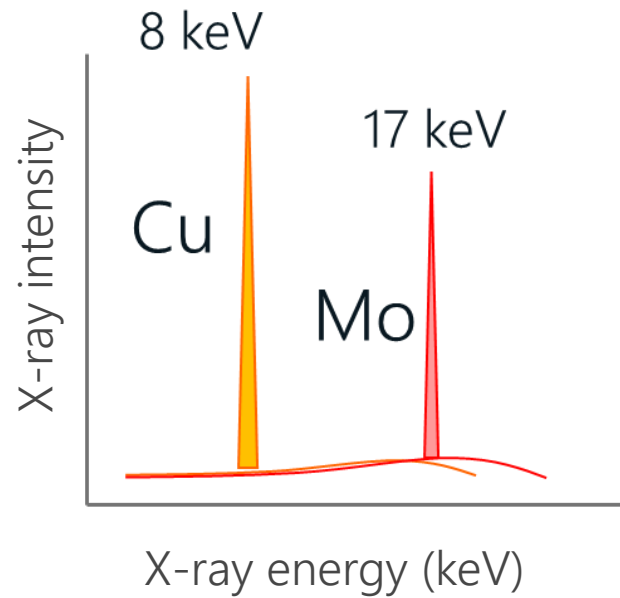
- X-ray energy
 - Bremsstrahlung radiation (change applied voltage, kV)



- X-ray energy
 - Characteristic radiation (change target material - Cu, Mo)



- X-ray energy
 - Characteristic radiation (change target material - Cu, Mo)



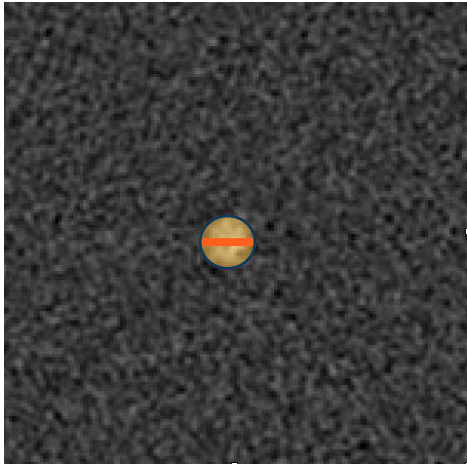
Cu (8 keV)

Mo (17 keV)

Spatial resolution & FOV

Voxel size

1.3 μm



— 17.7 μm

Voxel size

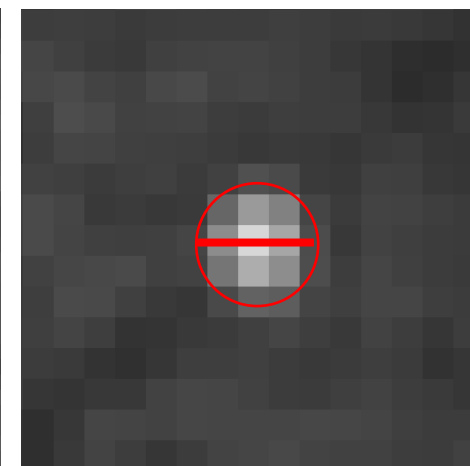
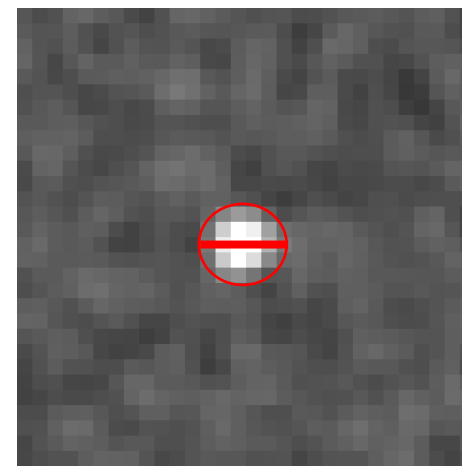
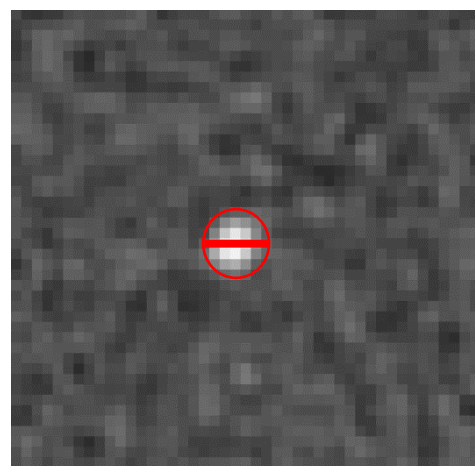
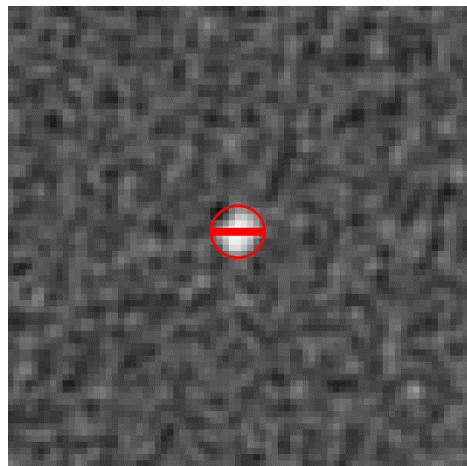
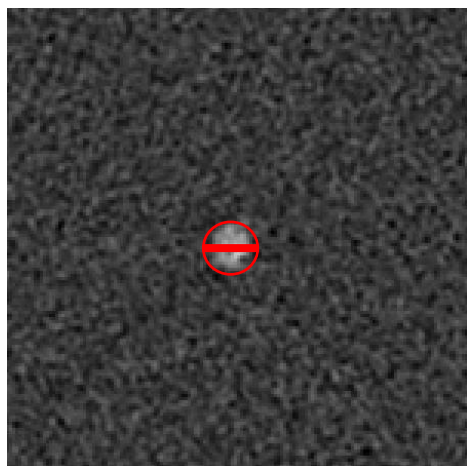
1.3 μm

2.6 μm

3.8 μm

5.1 μm

10.3 μm



Diameter

— 17.7 μm

— 19.2 μm

— 21.1 μm

— 24.0 μm

— 39.8 μm

Porosity

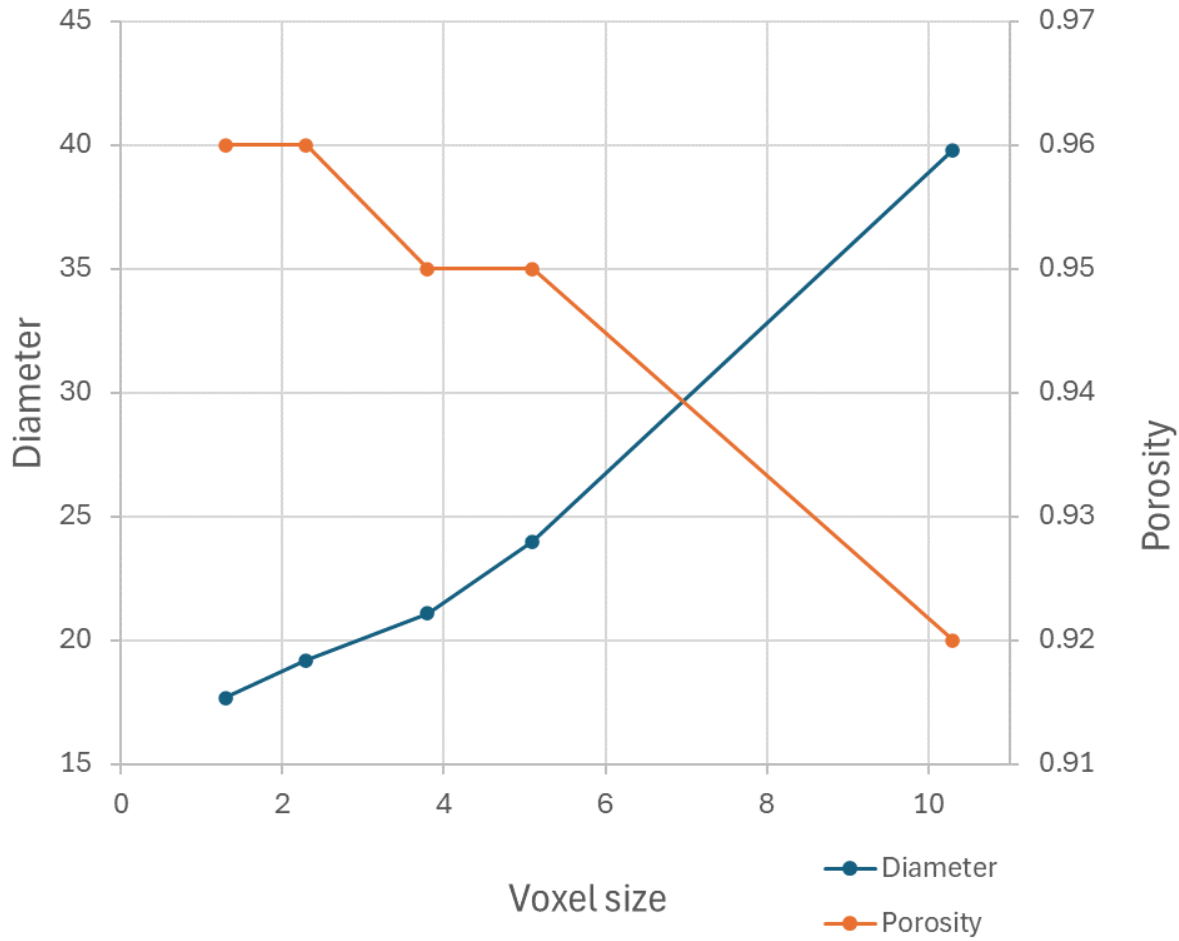
0.96

0.96

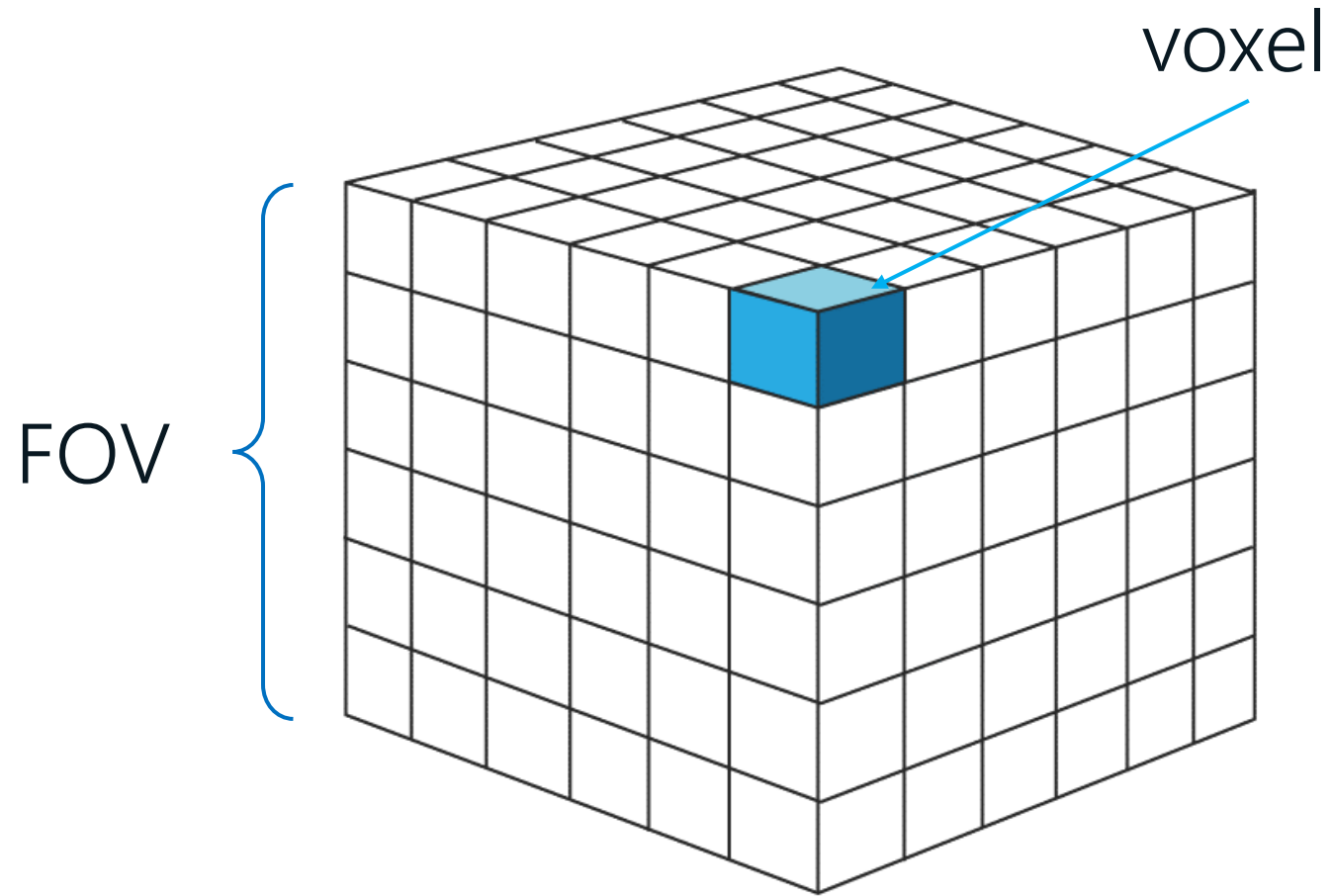
0.95

0.95

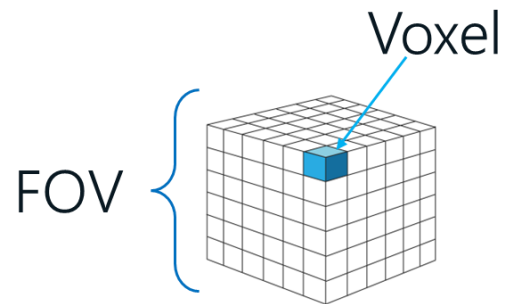
0.92



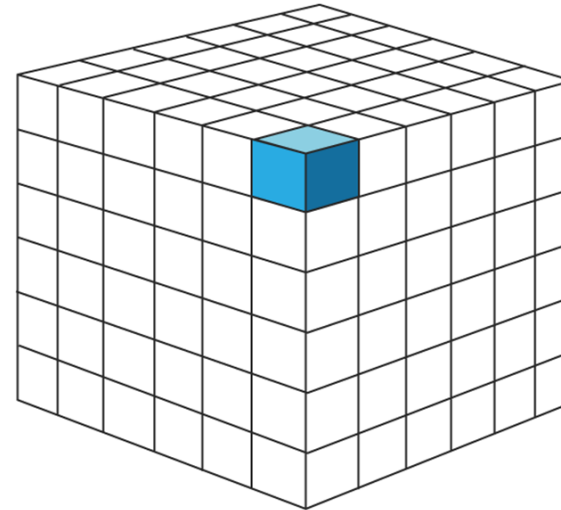
Voxel size < $\frac{1}{5}$ feature size



FOV [mm]	Voxel [μm]	File size
100 x 100 x 100	1	2000 TB



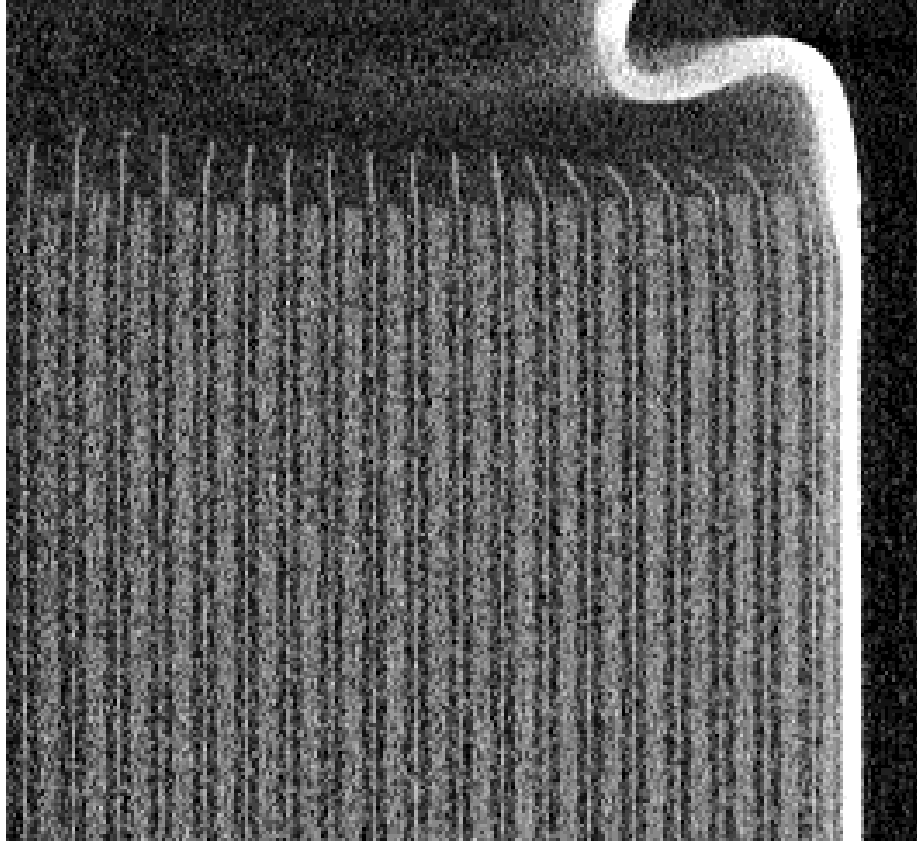
Small FOV, small voxel



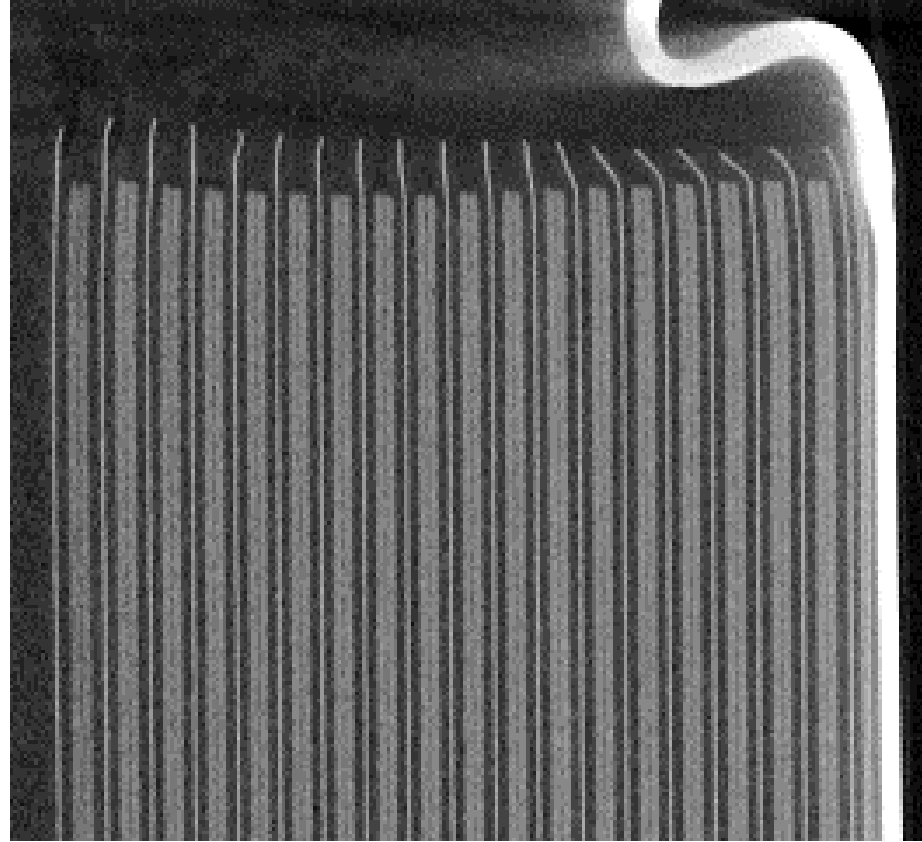
Large FOV, large voxel

Signal-to-noise

18650 battery



8.5 min

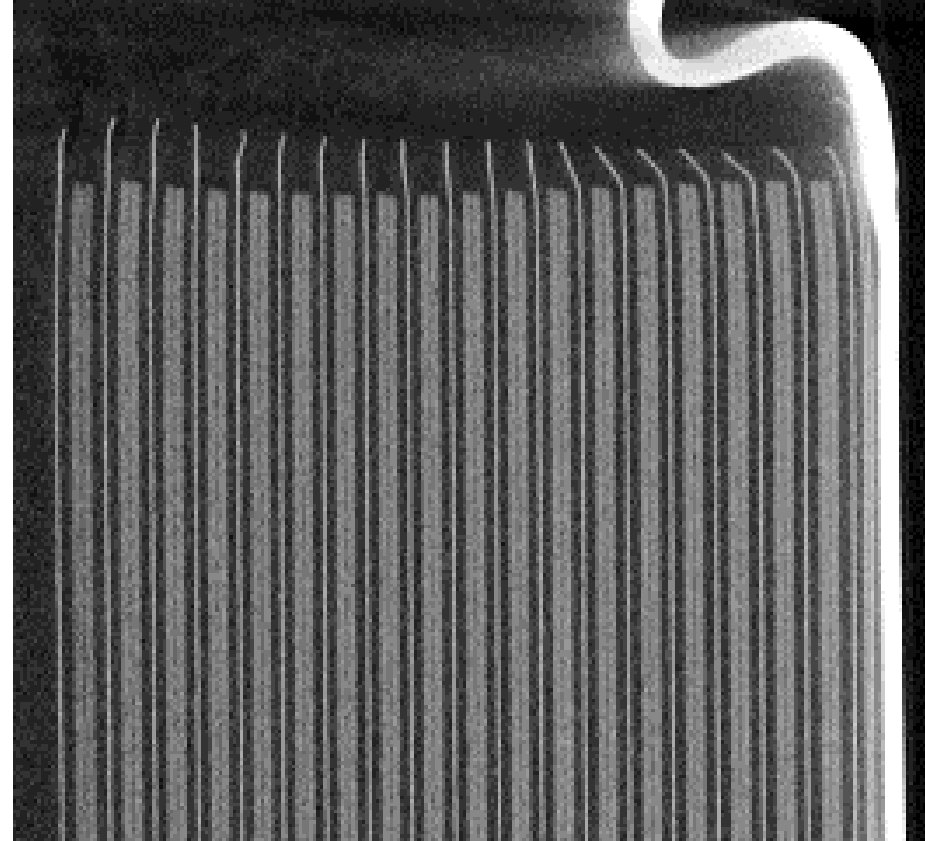


136 min

18650 battery

Improving signal-to-noise

- Increase the scan time
- Shorten the source-to-detector distance
- Bin pixels



136 min

Experiment type



CT experiments with batteries

- Battery materials
 - Ex situ – Raw & cycled materials
 - In situ - Cycled materials
- Battery cells
 - In situ
 - Operando

Polling Question #2

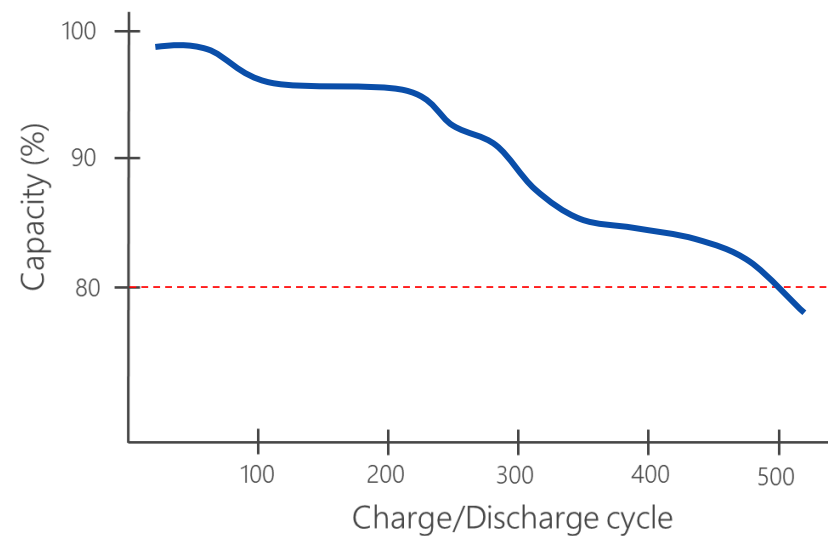
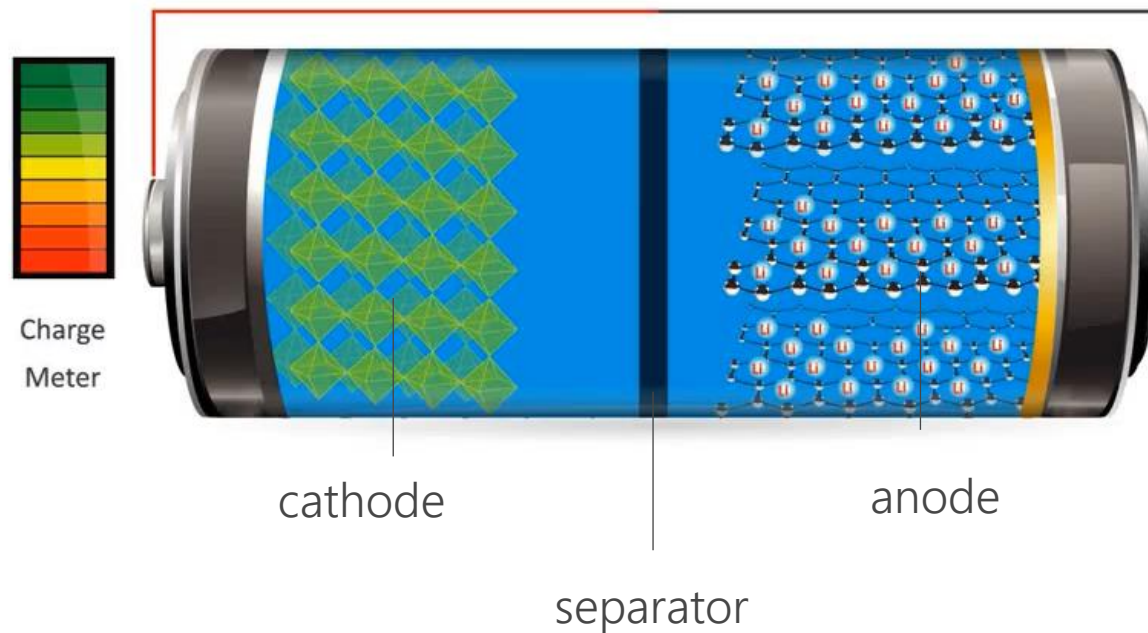


Microsoft Stock

What information can we extract from CT data about batteries?

Li-ion batteries

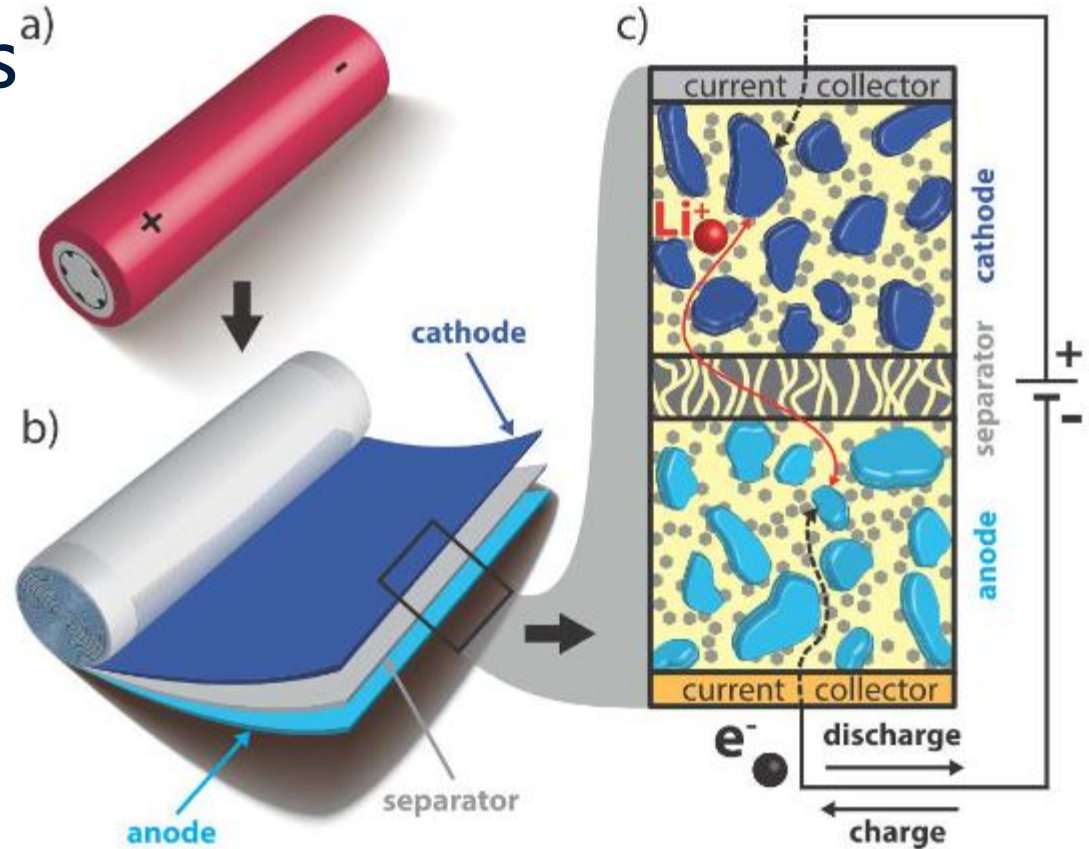
Discharge



<https://www.energy.gov/energysaver/articles/how-lithium-ion-batteries-work>

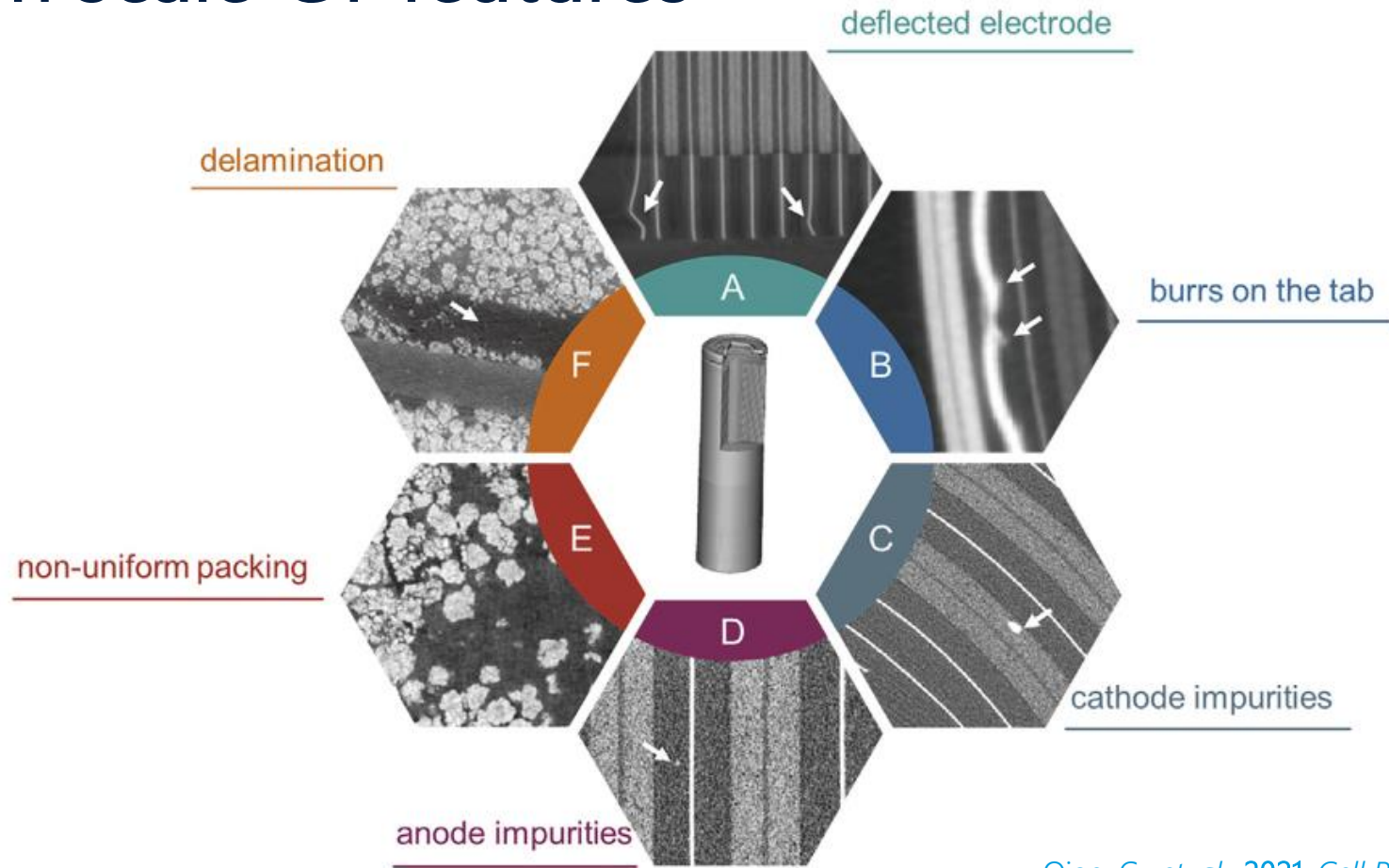
nm-to- μm scale CT features^{a)}

- Cathode/anode design
- Cathode/anode performance
- Separator design
- Electrolyte distribution
- Battery cell design

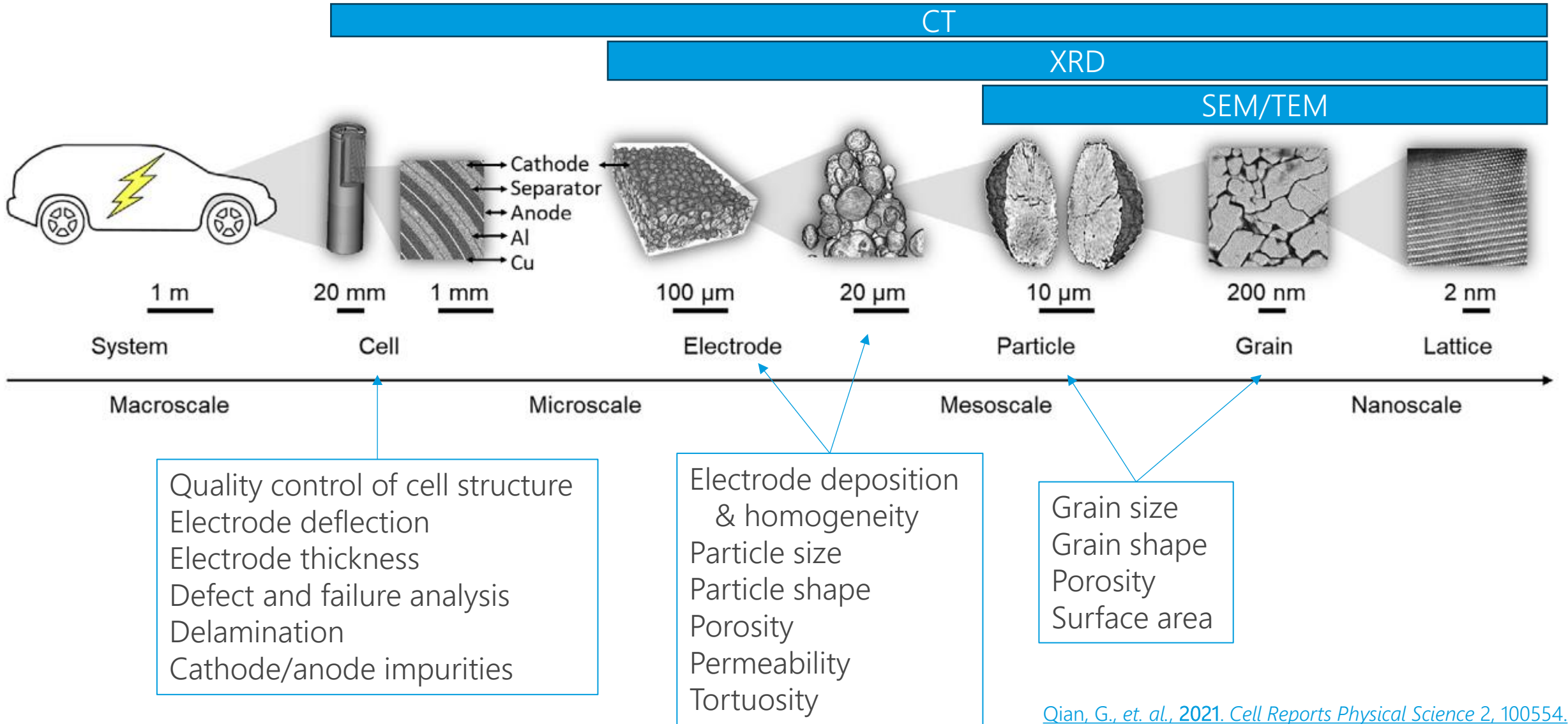


[Pietsch, P., Wood, V., 2017. Annu. Rev. Mater. Res. 47, 451–479.](#)

μm -to- m scale CT features



[Qian, G., et. al., 2021. Cell Reports Physical Science 2, 100554.](#)



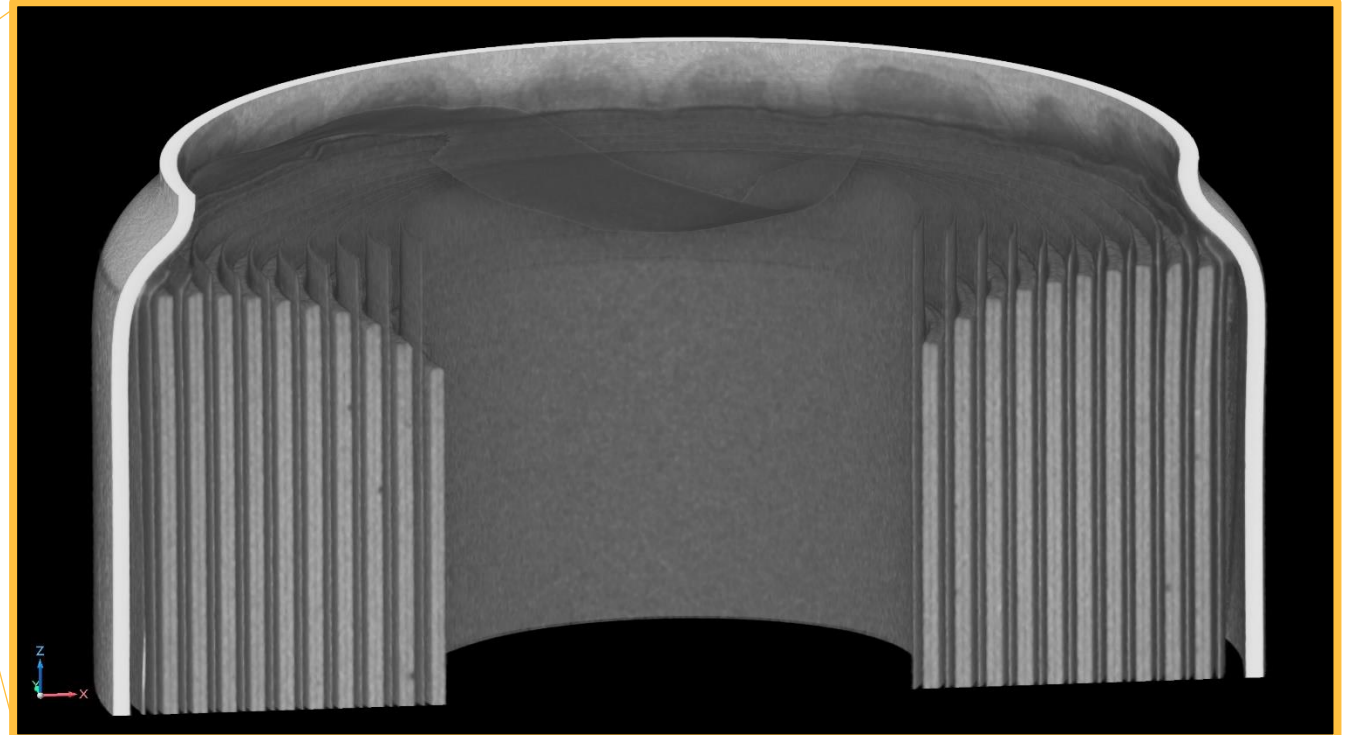
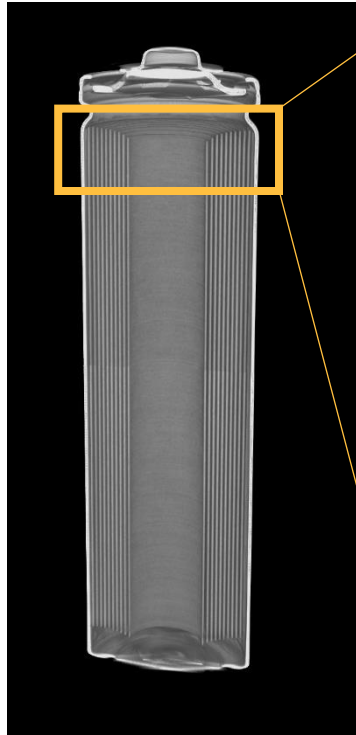
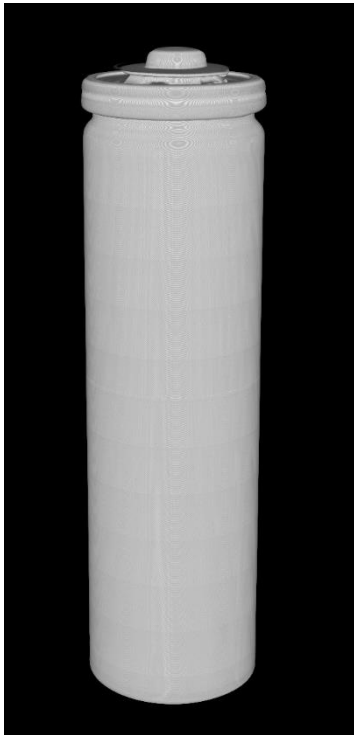
Polling Question #3



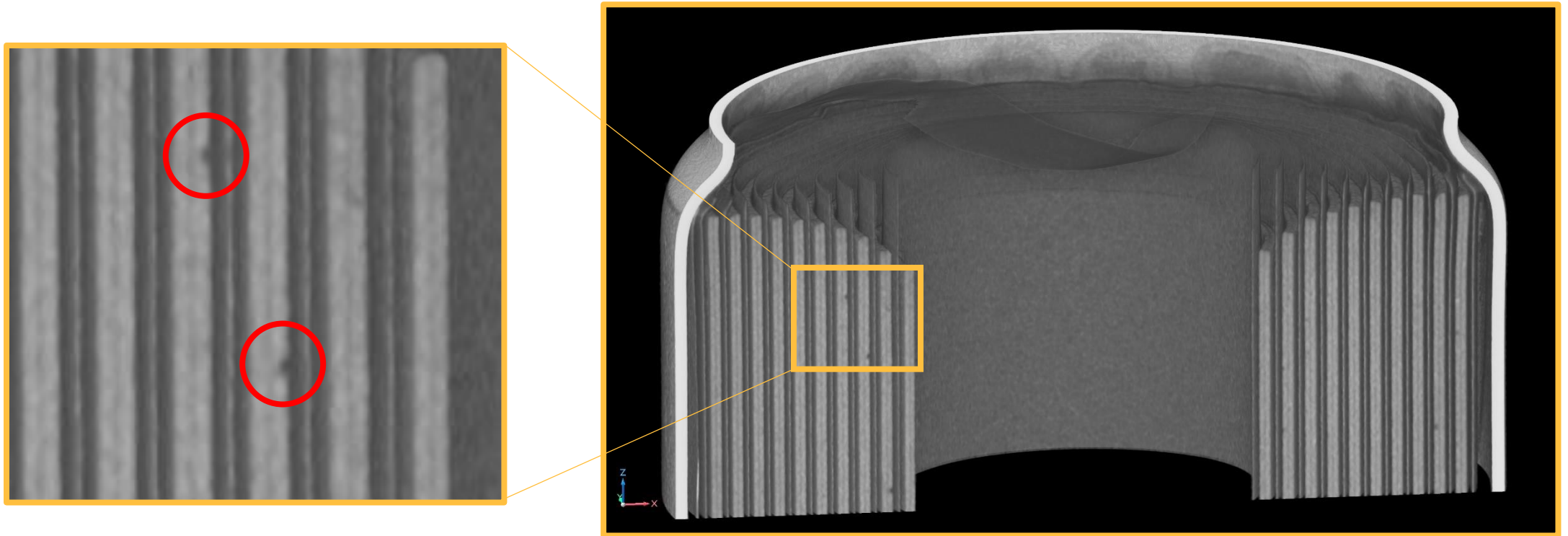
Microsoft Stock

Battery analysis examples

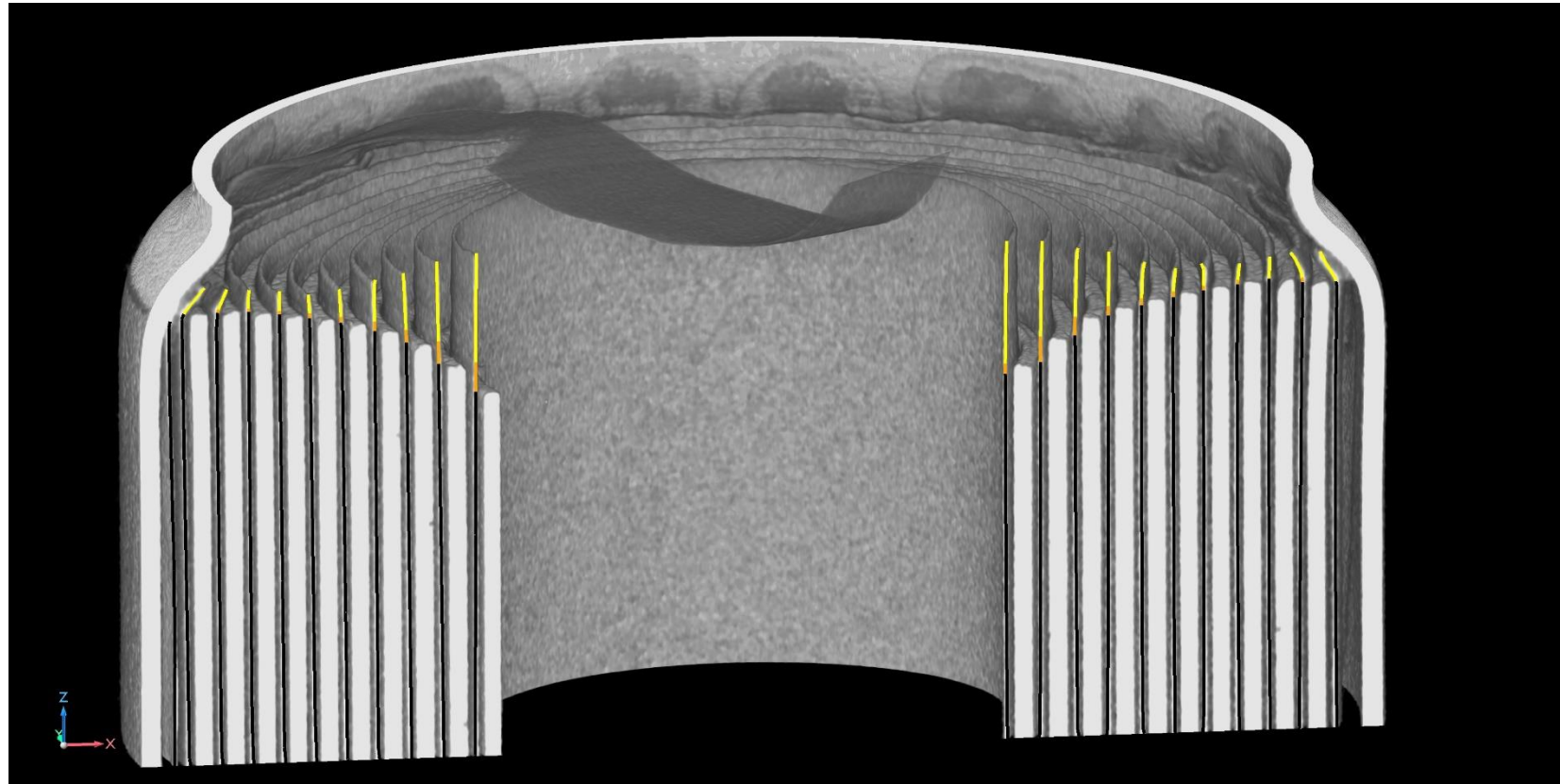
18650 cell analysis



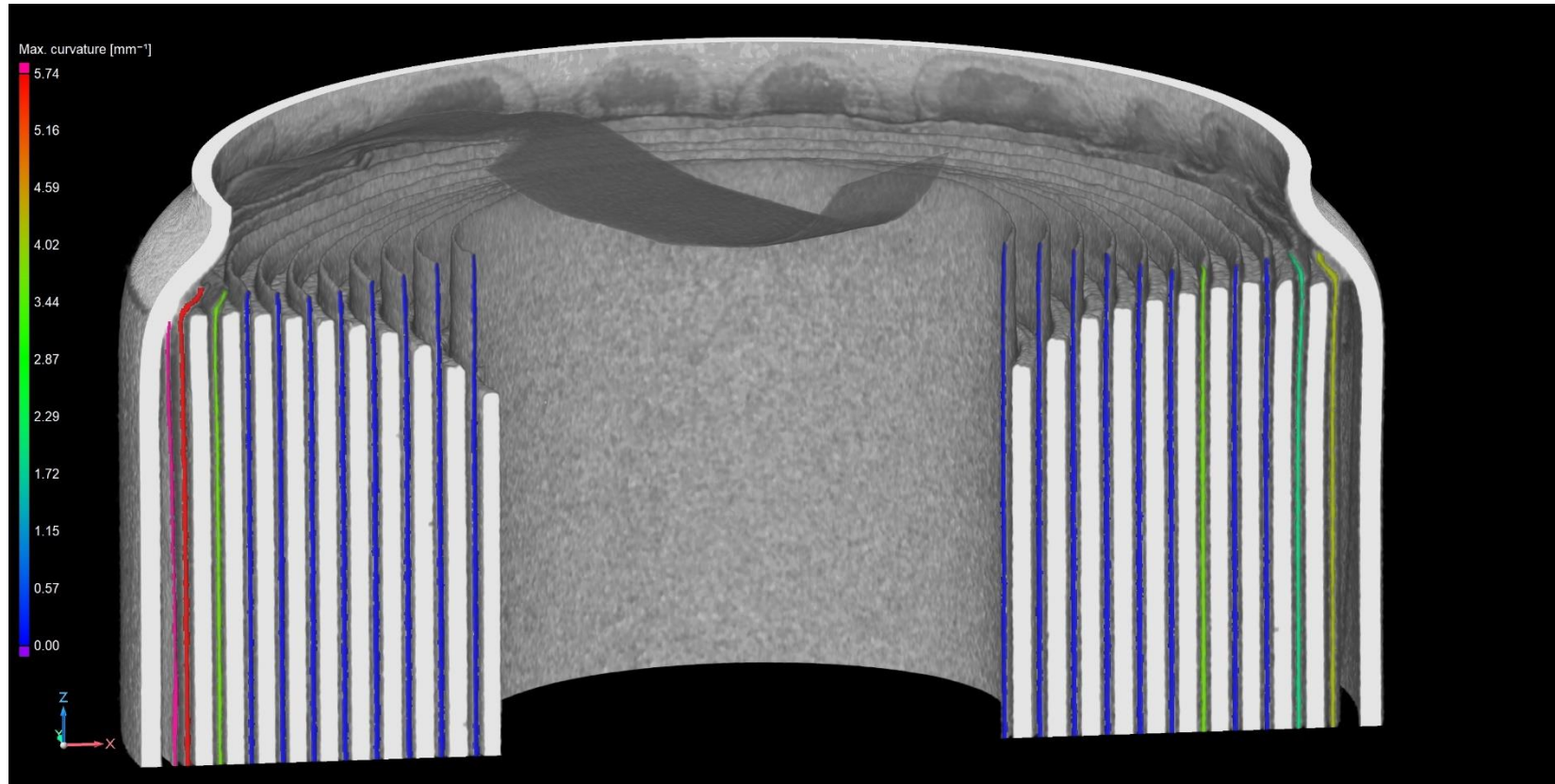
18650 cell analysis



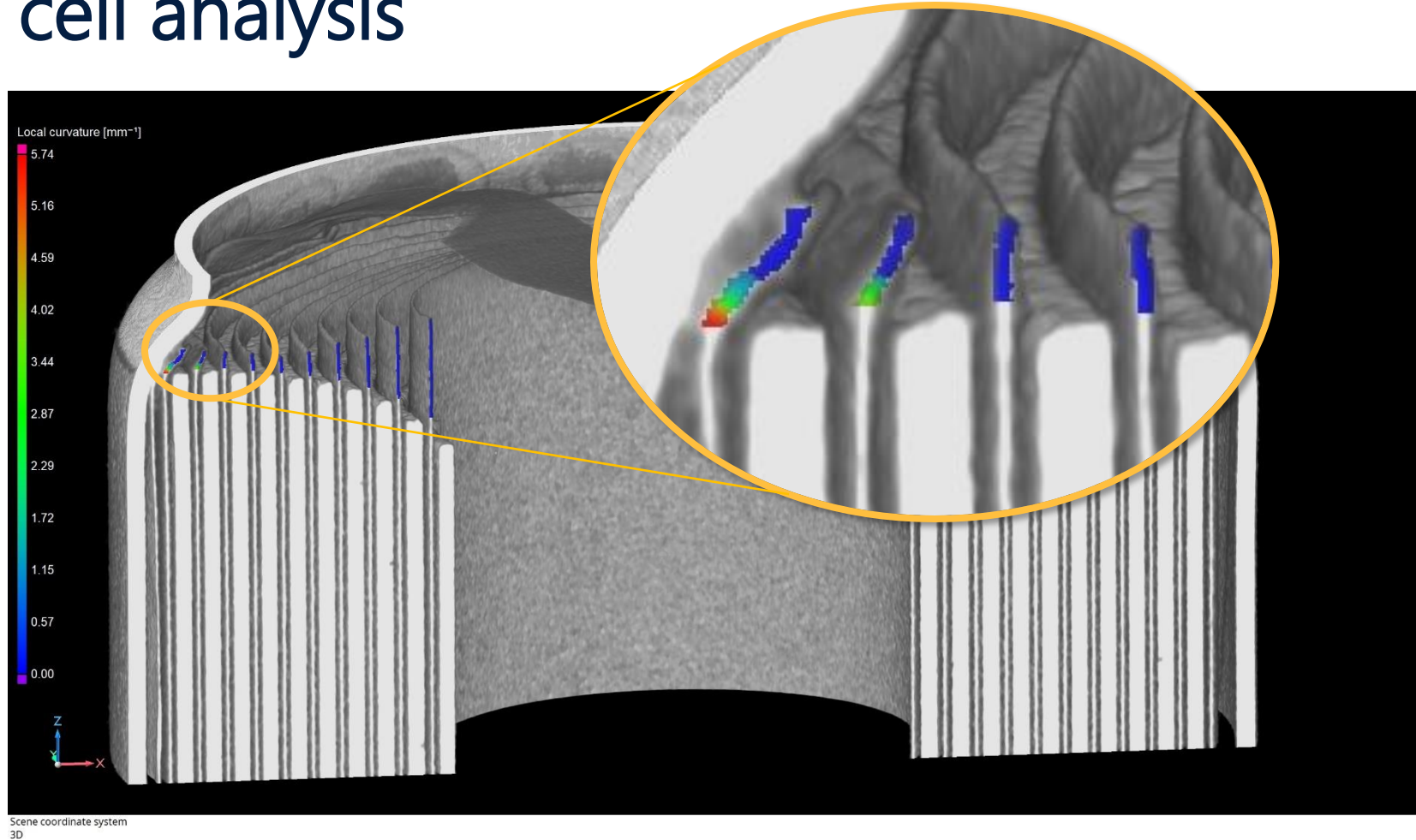
18650 cell analysis



18650 cell analysis



18650 cell analysis



Li-ion battery from digital camera

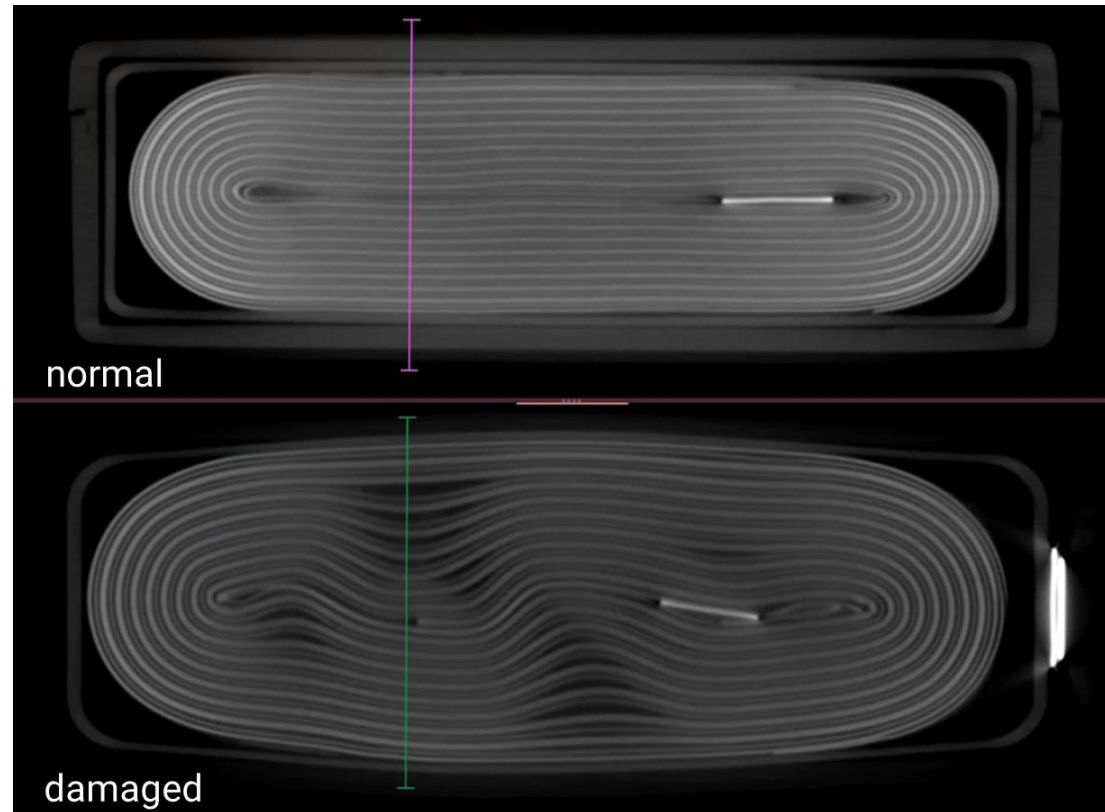


Normal

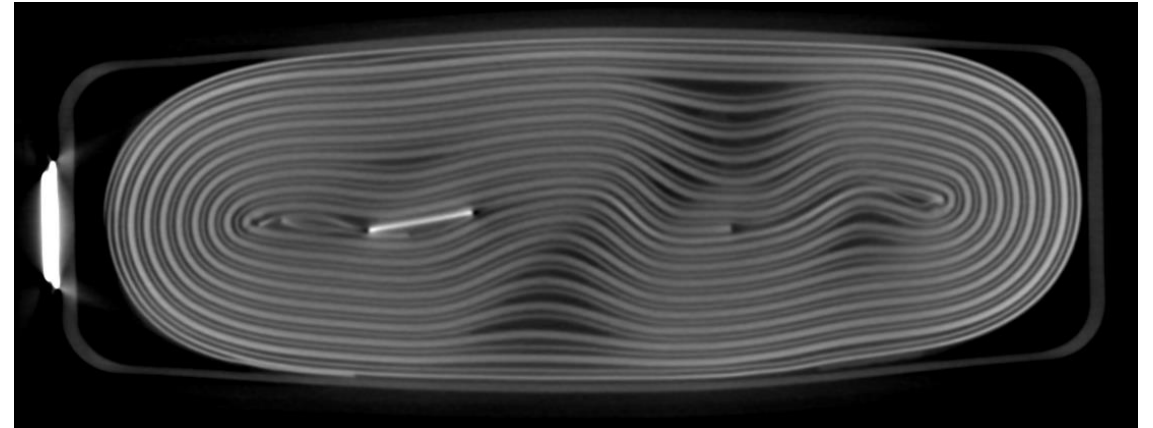
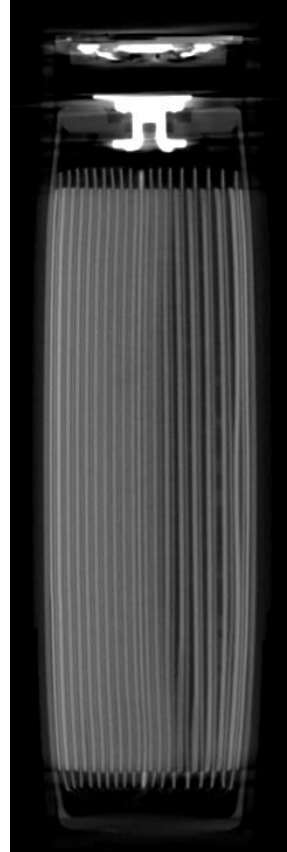
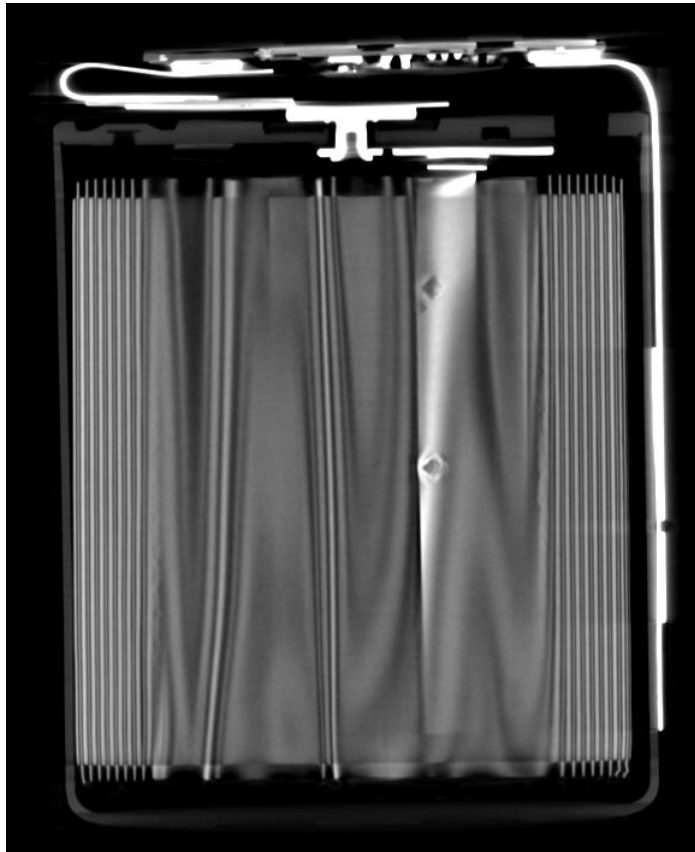


Damaged

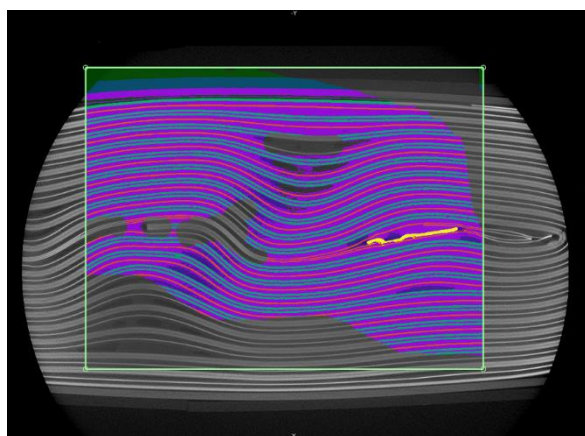
Li-ion battery from digital camera



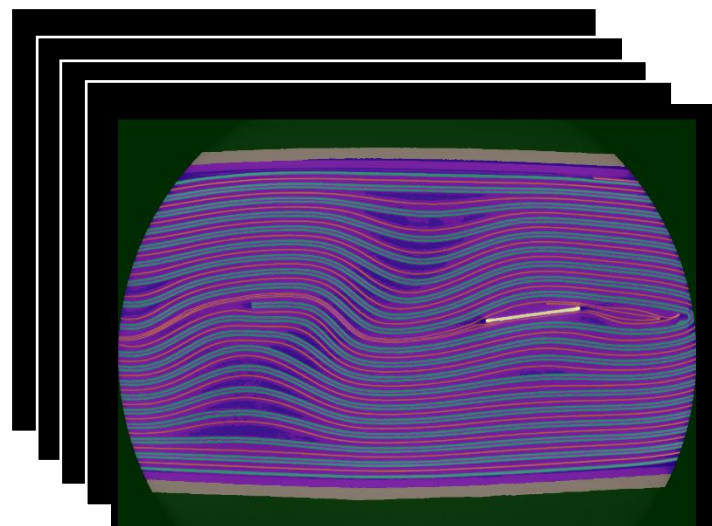
Li-ion battery from digital camera



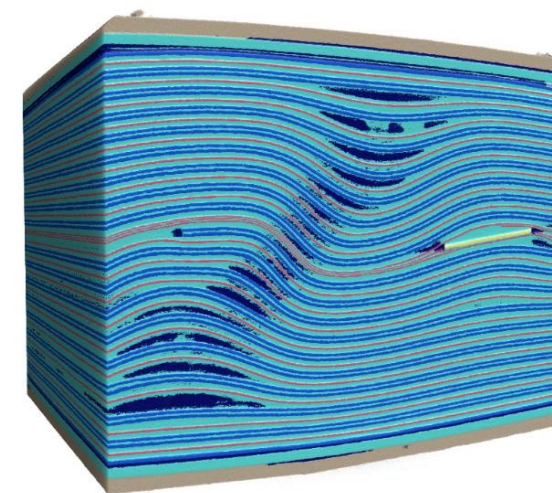
Li-ion battery from digital camera



Label Ground Truth and train deep learning model

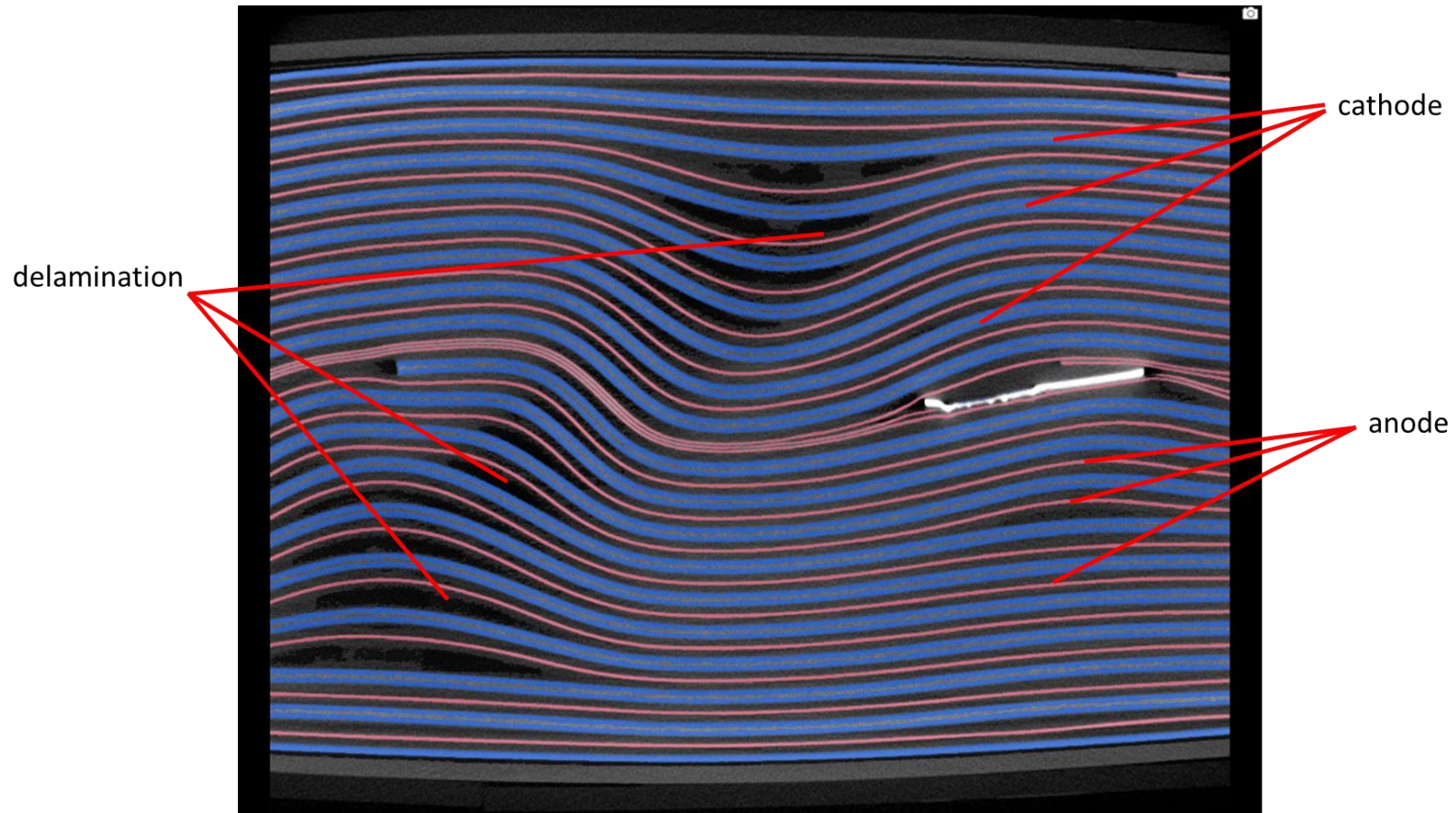


Deep learning segmentation

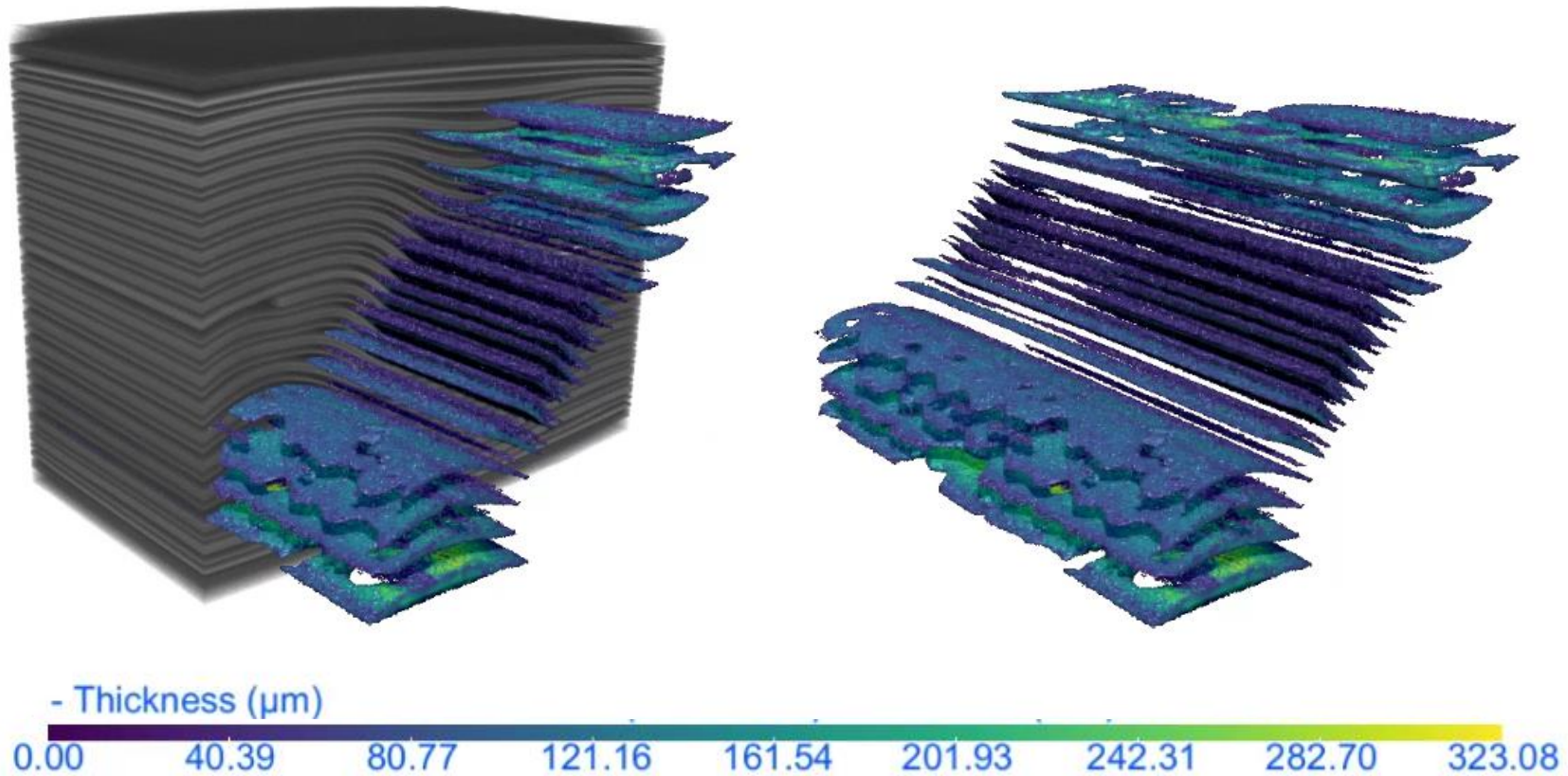


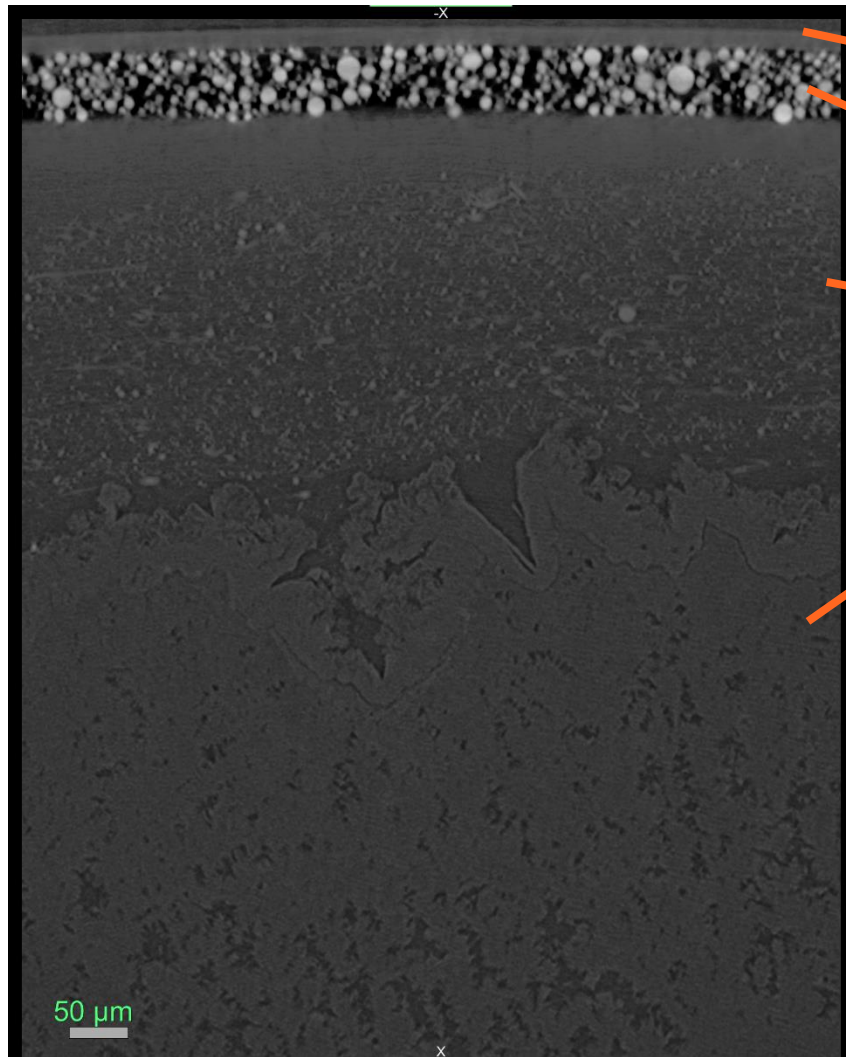
3D segmented data

Li-ion battery from digital camera



Li-ion battery from digital camera





Current collector

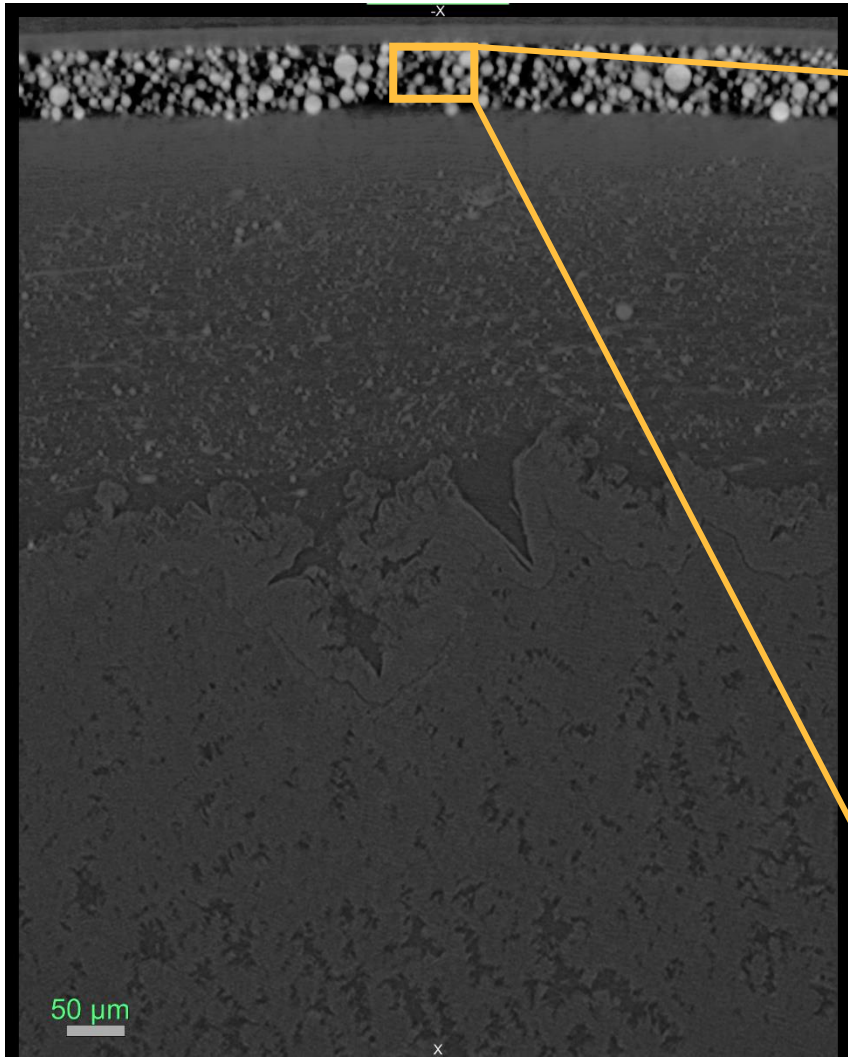
Cathode

Separator

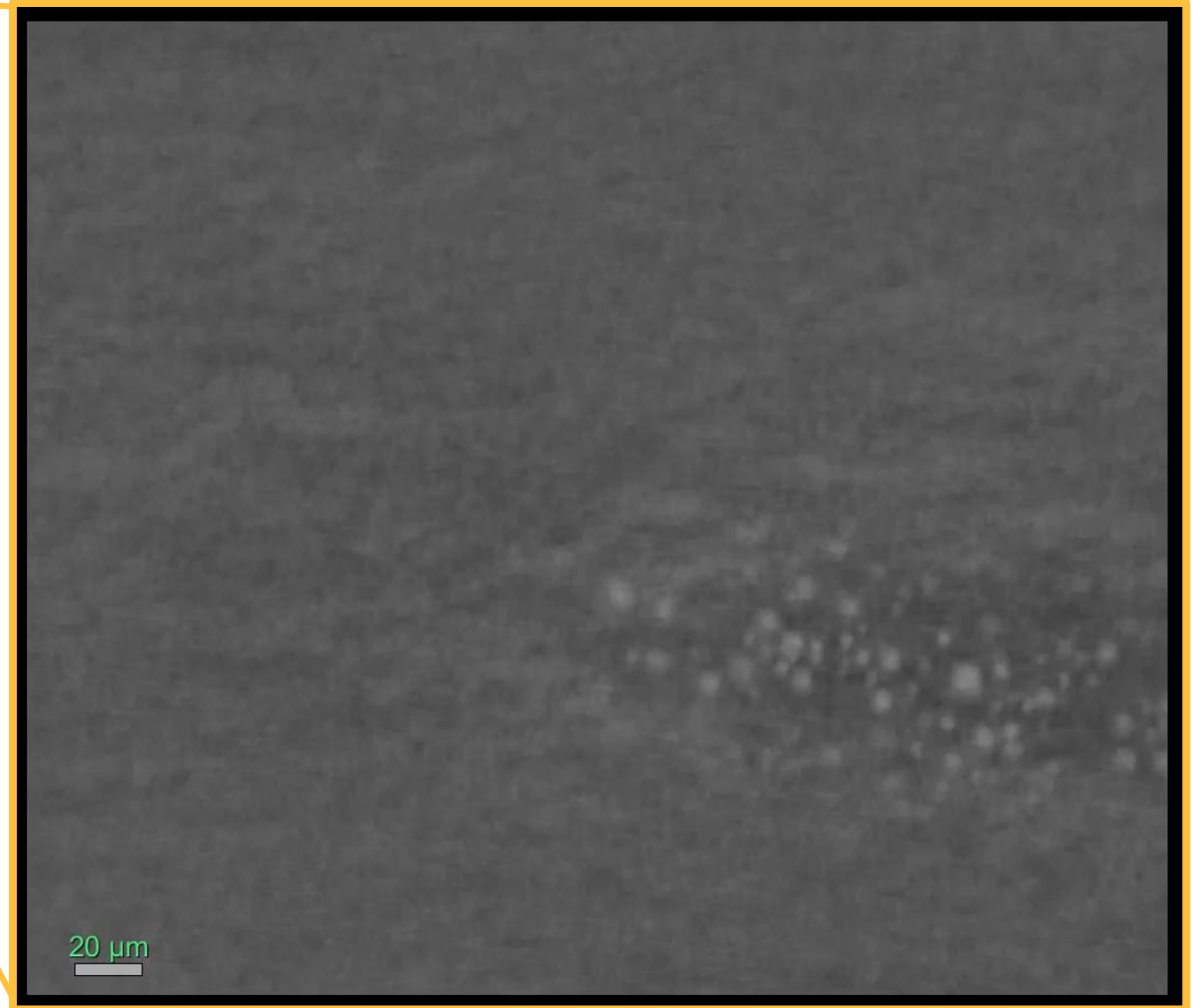
Anode

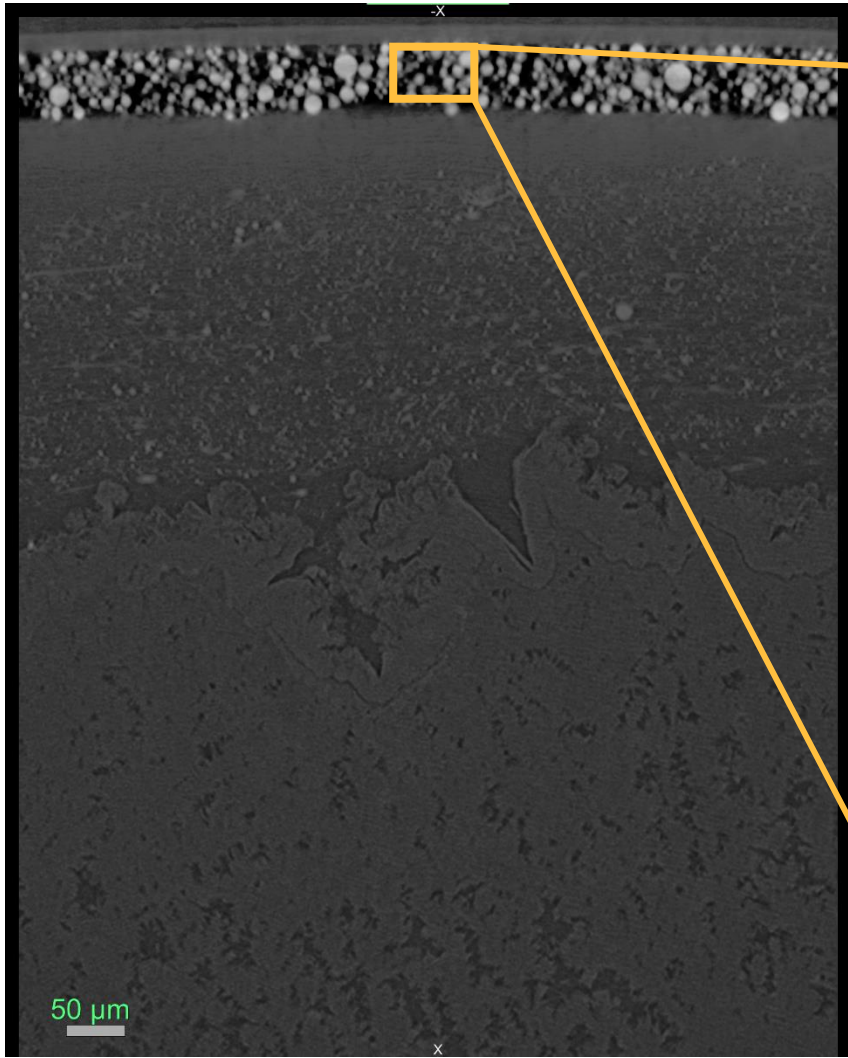
Small pouch cell

- Size: 3 mm diameter
- Imaging: Mo (17 keV), 10X, 0.66 μm voxel

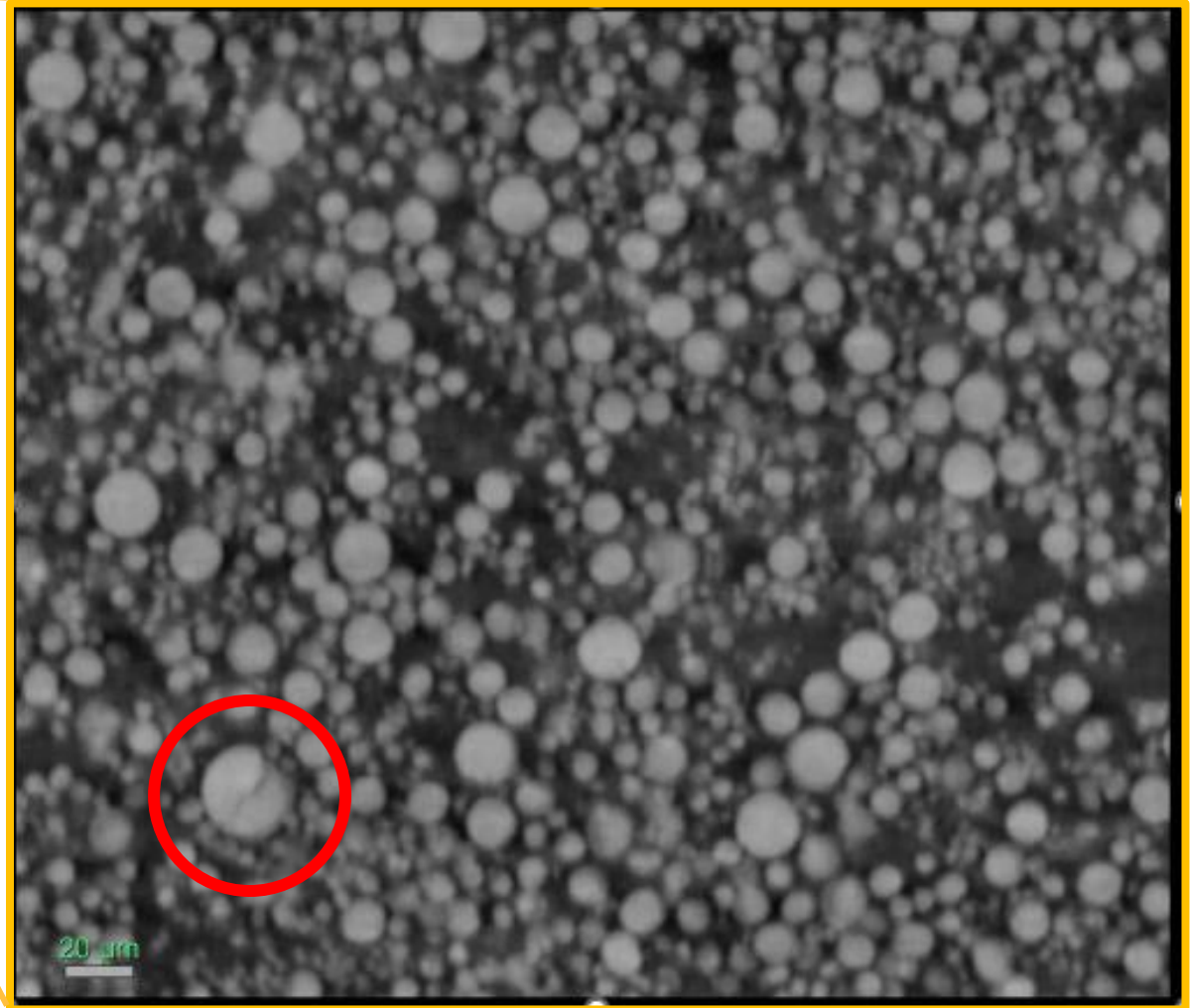


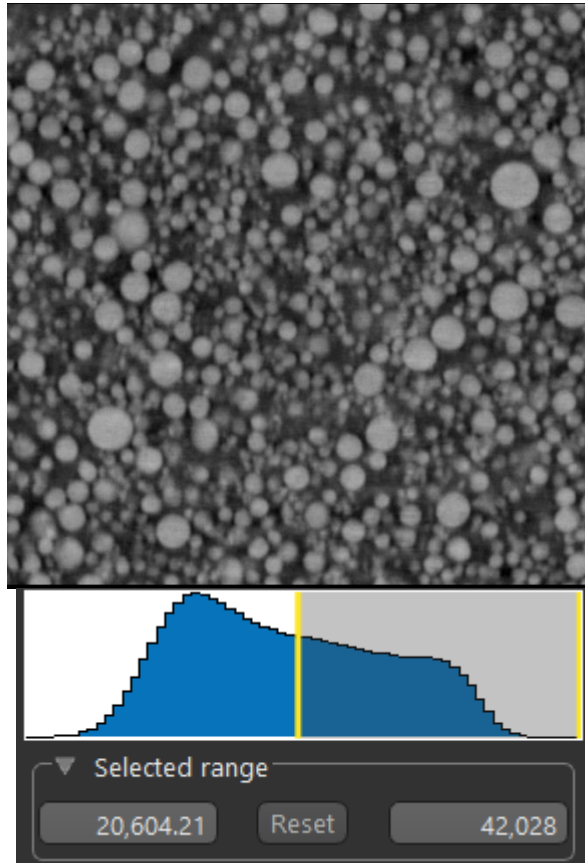
Imaging: Mo (17 keV), 10X, 320 nm voxel (3 mm cell)



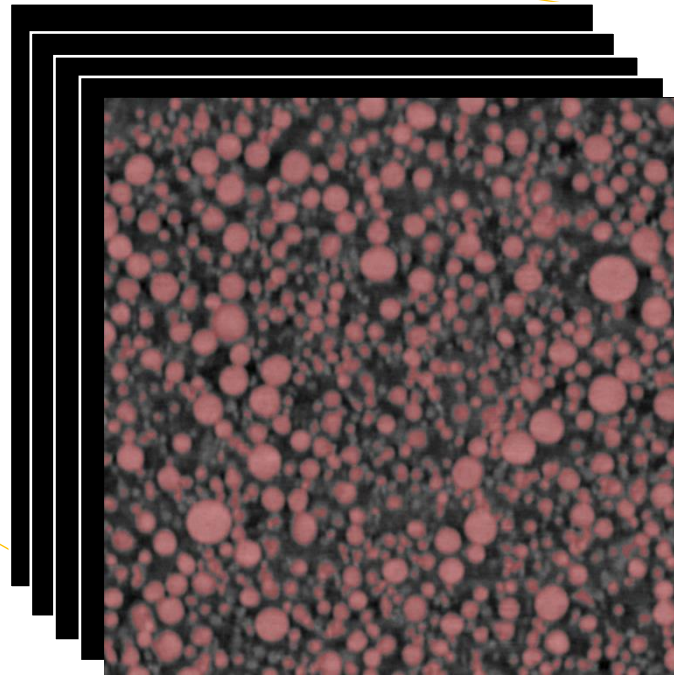


Imaging: Mo (17 keV), 10X, 320 nm voxel (3 mm cell)

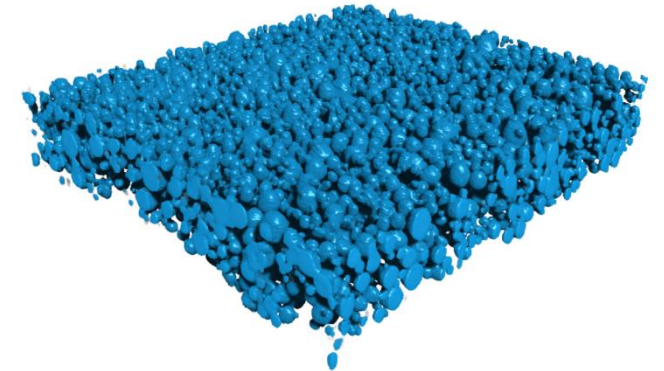




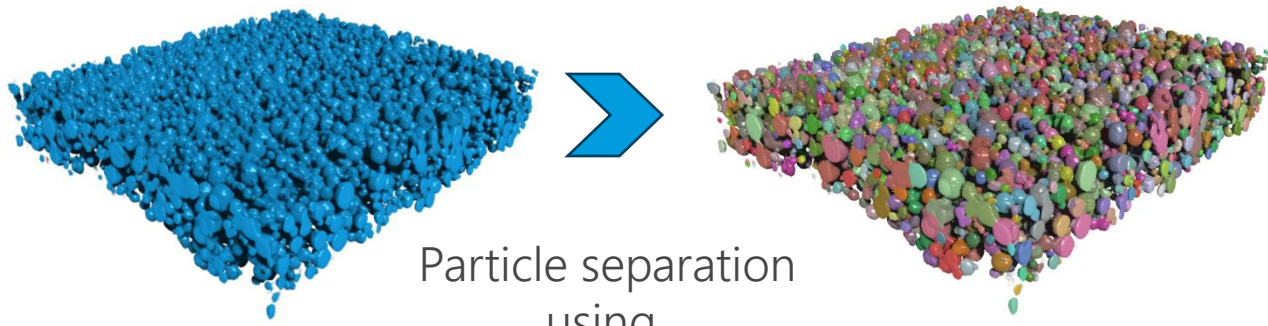
Histogram threshold



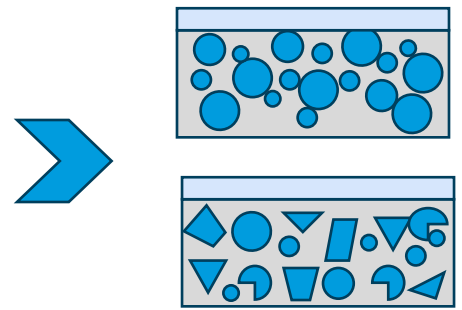
2D cross-sections



3D segmented Data

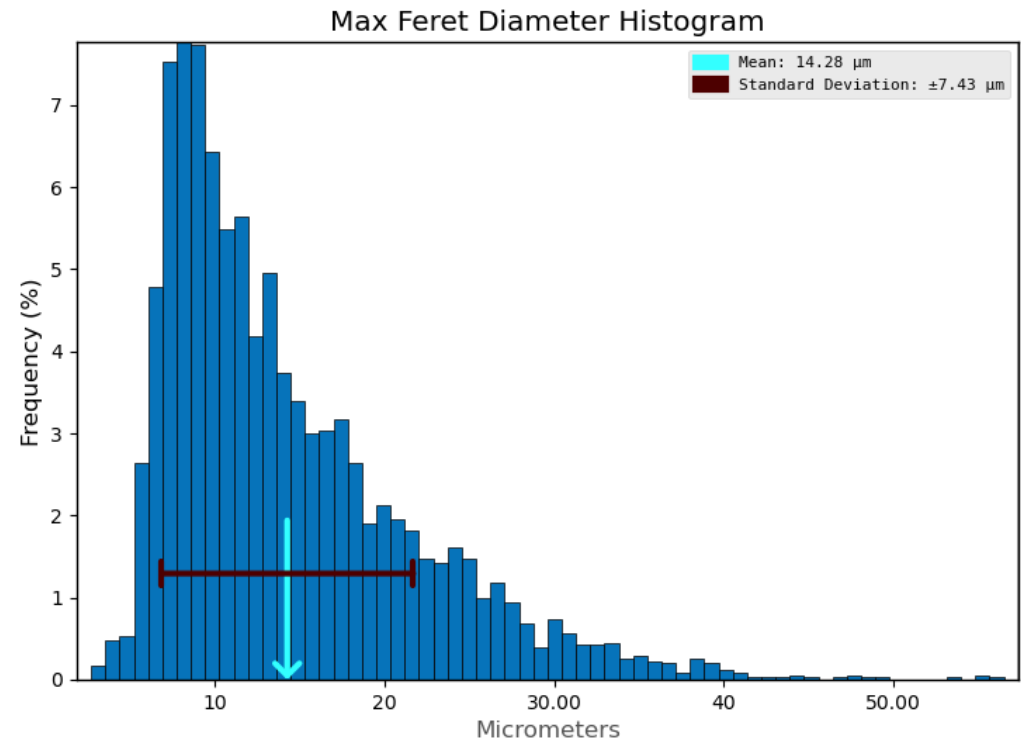
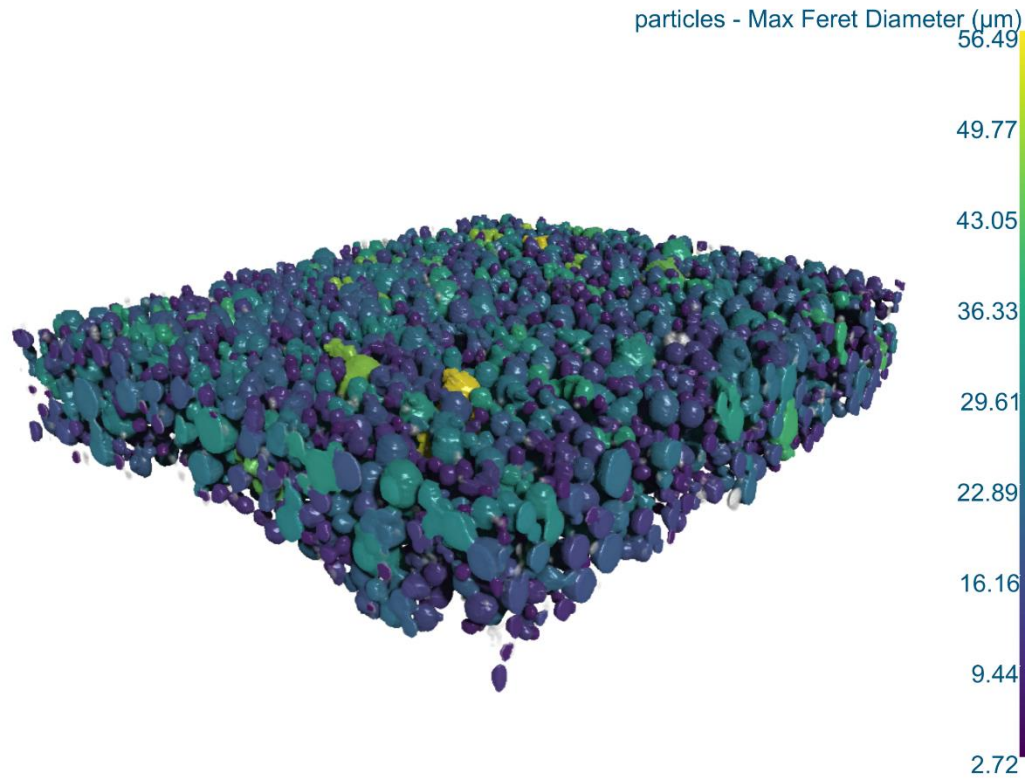


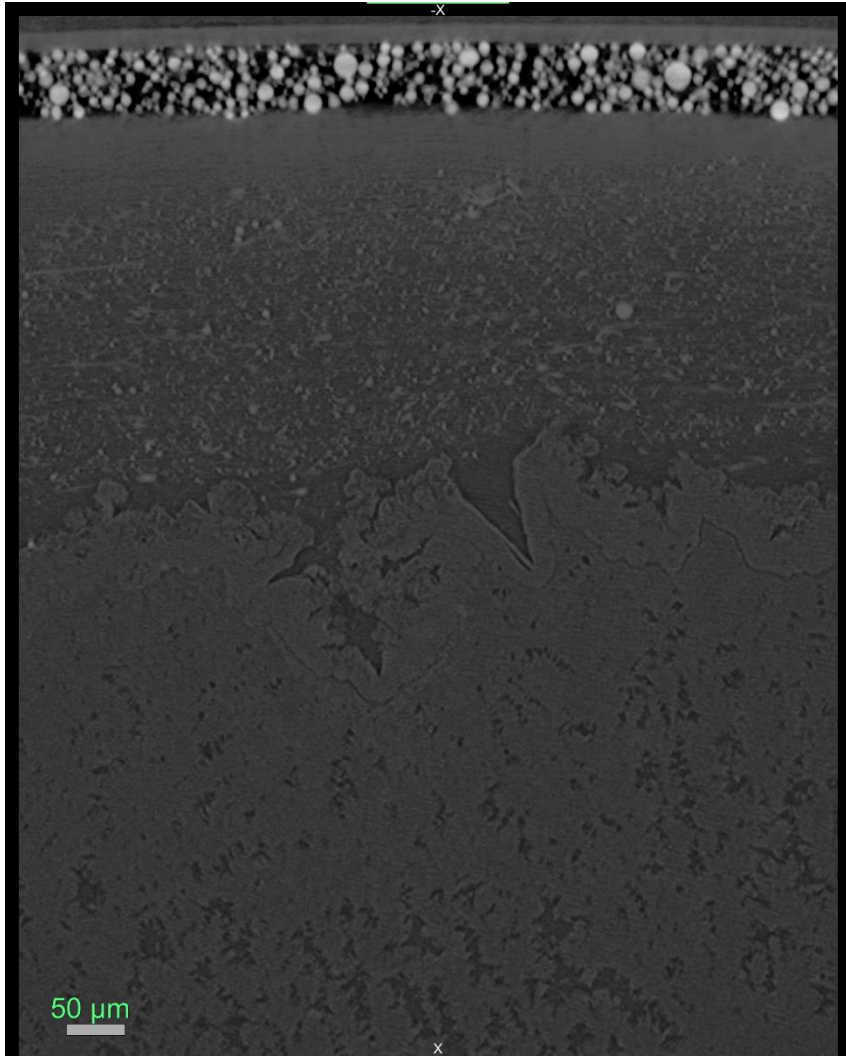
Particle separation
using
watershed transformation



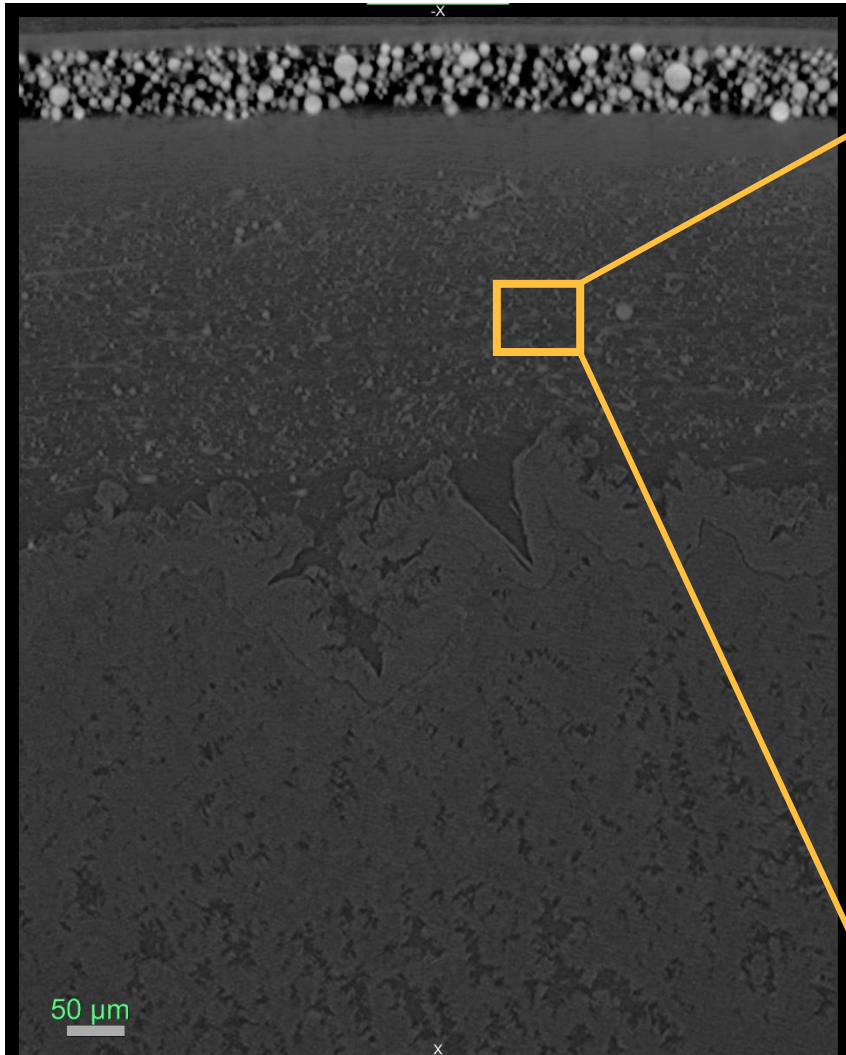
- particle size
- distribution
- porosity
- particle shape
- change over time

Particle size distribution



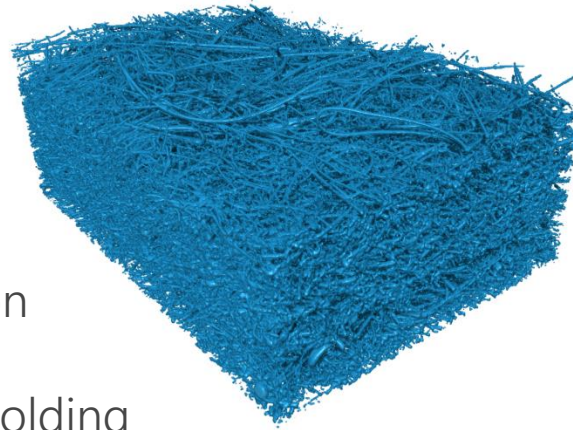


Imaging: Cu (8 keV), 20X, 320 nm voxel (separator only)



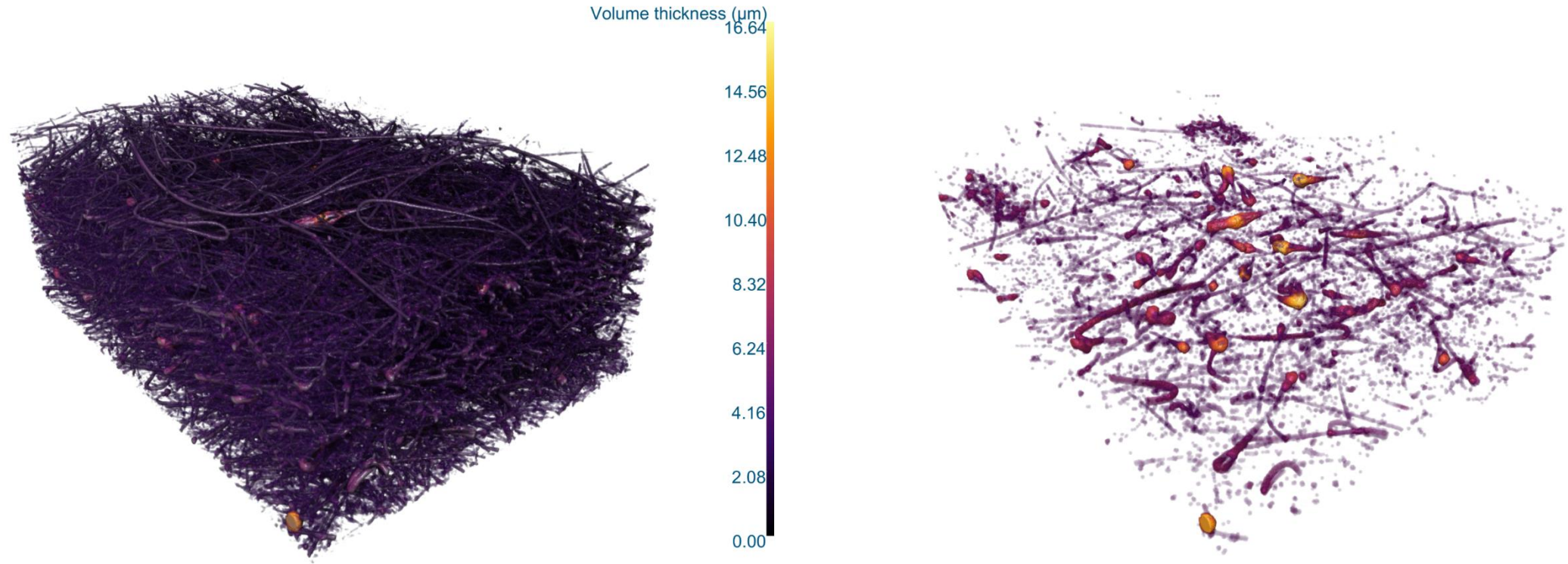


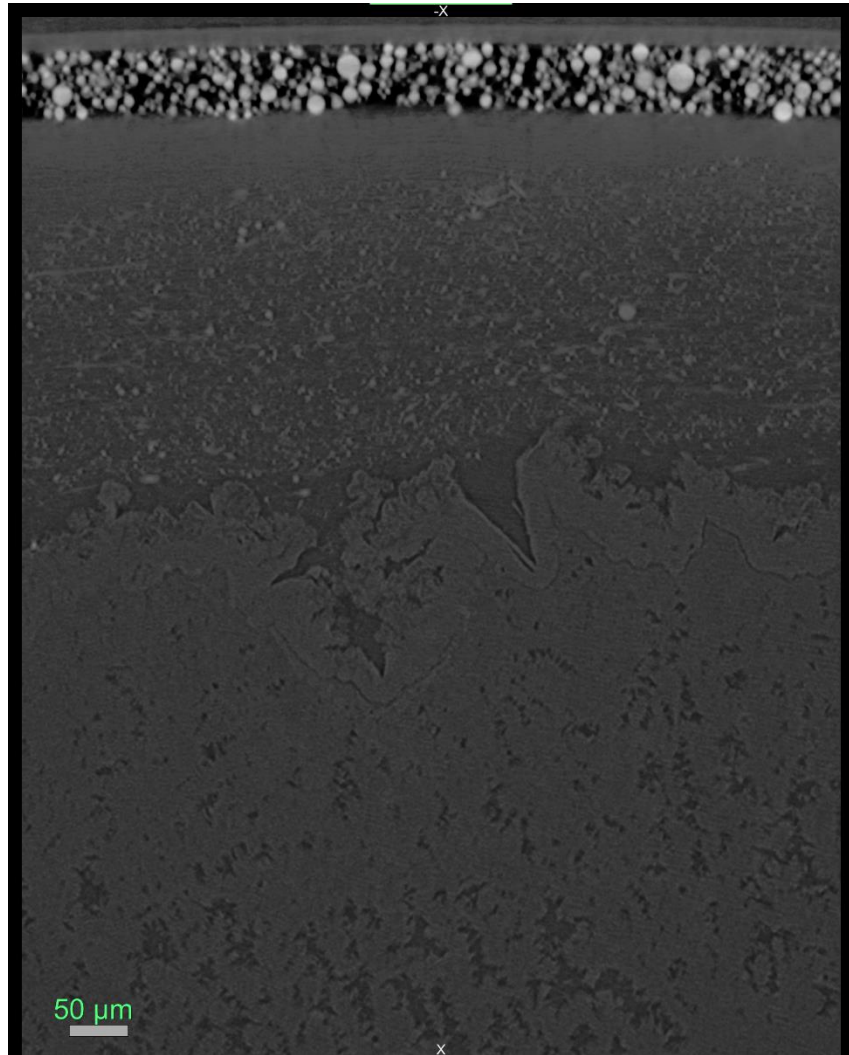
Segmentation
using
histogram thresholding



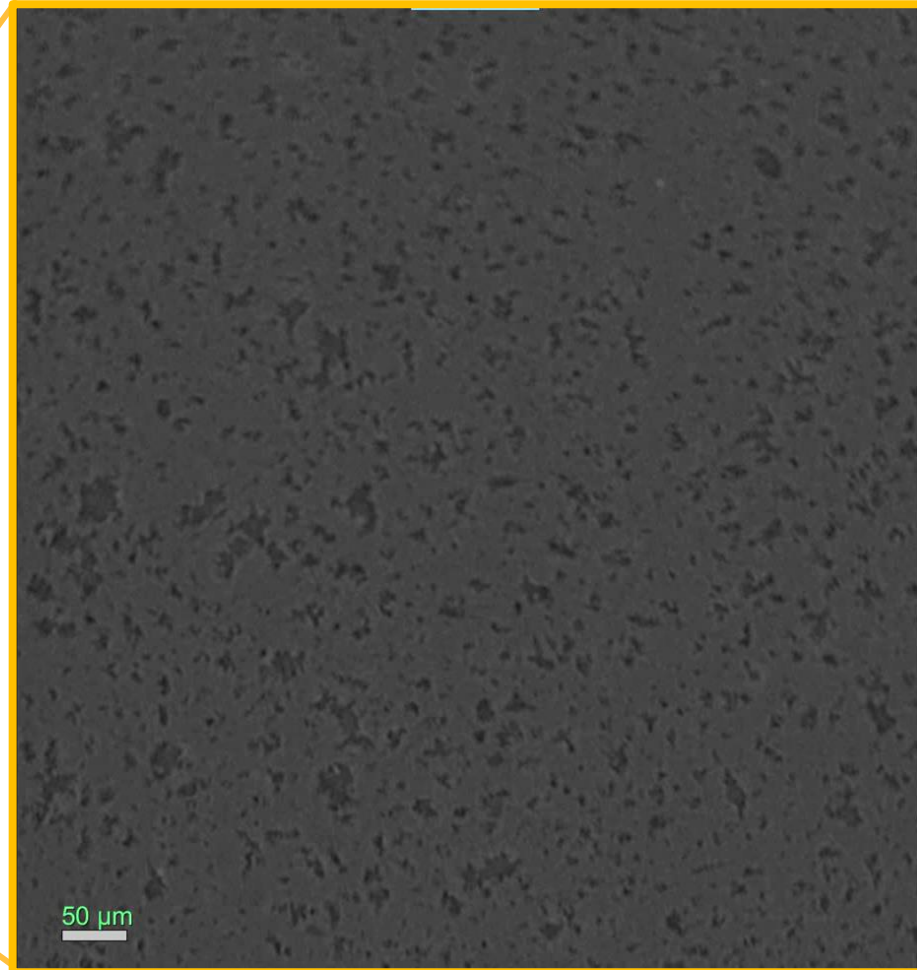
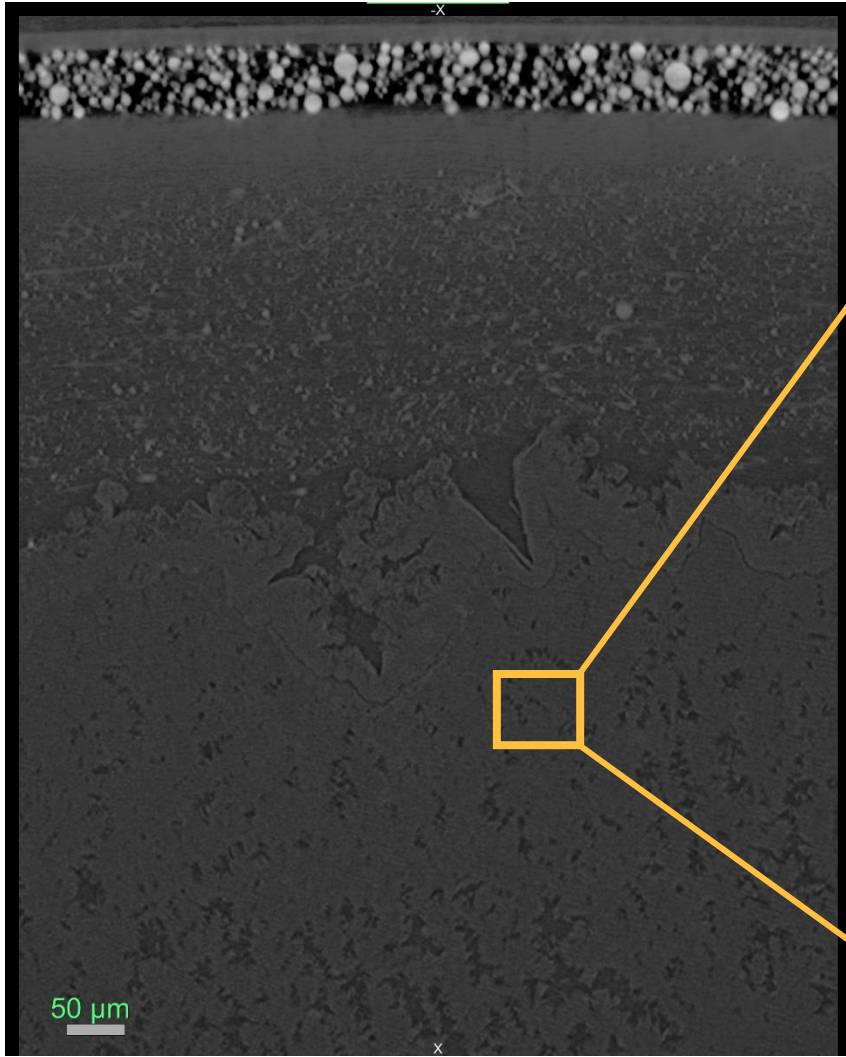
Separator properties:

- Porosity
- Thickness
- Permeability
- Distribution





Imaging: Mo (17 keV), 10X, 660 nm voxel (3 mm cell)



Visualization and Control of Chemically Induced Crack Formation in All-Solid-State Lithium-Metal Batteries with Sulfide Electrolyte

Misae Otoyama, Motoshi Suyama, Chie Hotehama, Hiroe Kowada, Yoshihiro Takeda, Koichiro Ito, Atsushi Sakuda, Masahiro Tatsumisago, and Akitoshi Hayashi*



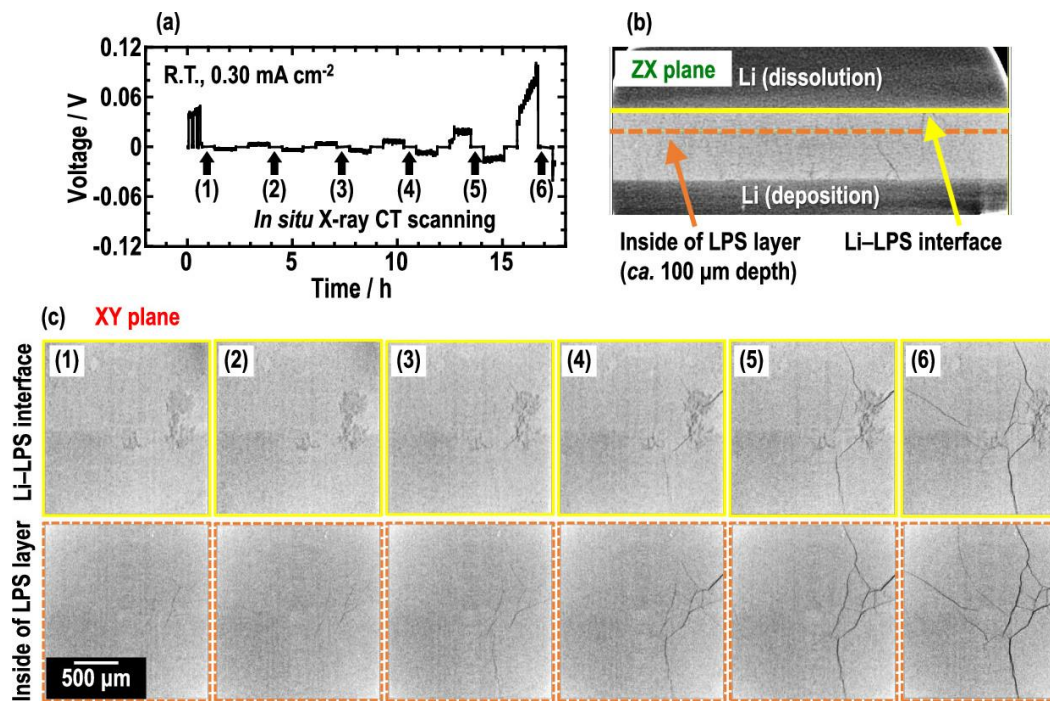
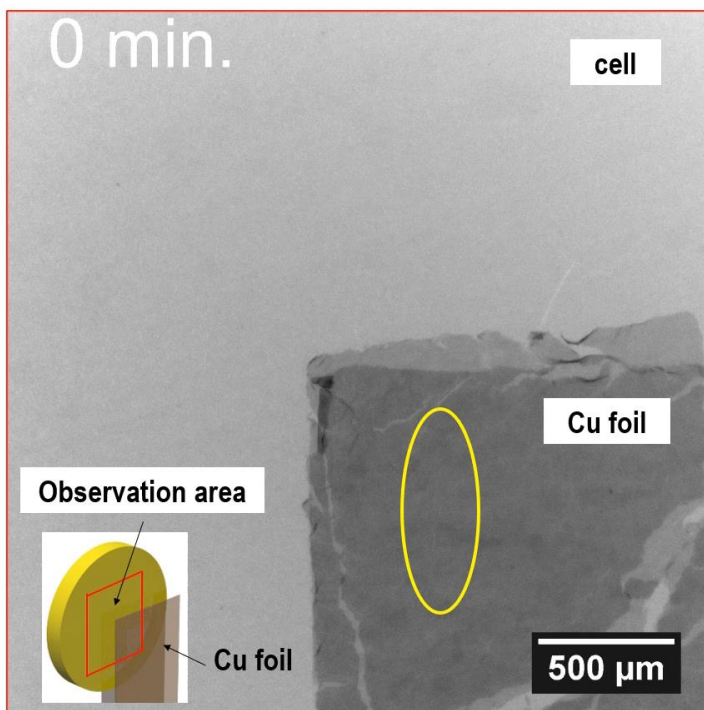
Cite This: *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* 2021, 13, 5000–5007



Read Online

[Otoyama, M., et. Al., 2021. *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* 13, 5000–5007.](#)

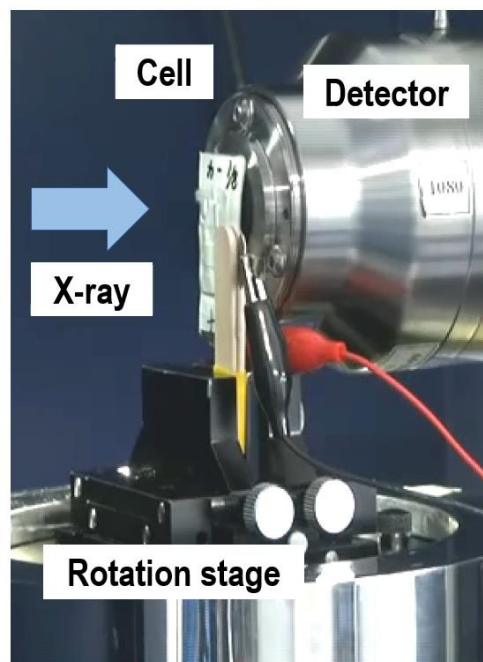
X-ray projection images during the galvanostatic test (without rotating)



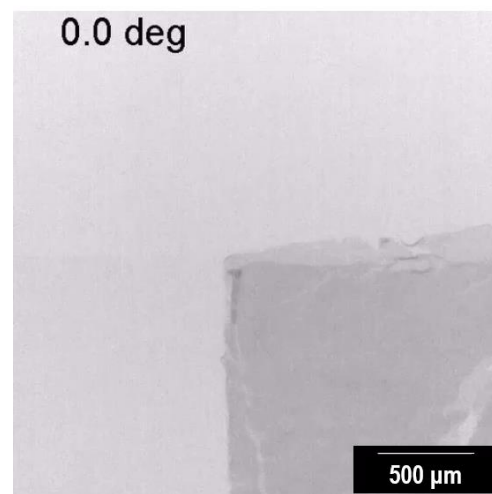
Otoyama, M., et. Al., 2021. ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 13, 5000–5007.

Imaging: Mo (17 keV), 5X, 2.5 μm voxel

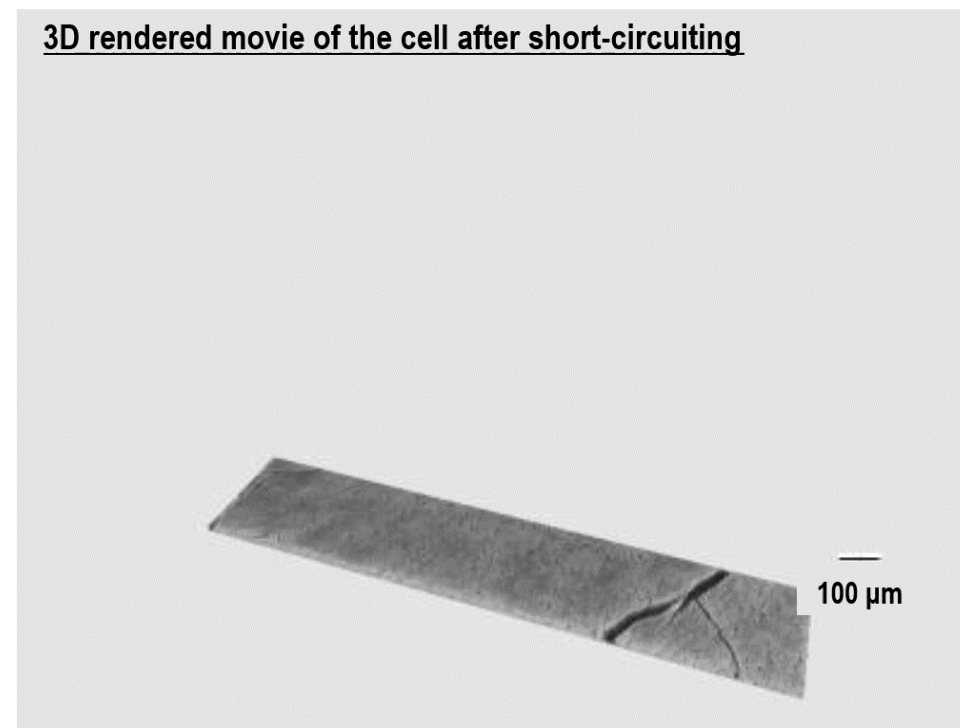
X-ray CT measurement



X-ray projection image



3D rendered movie of the cell after short-circuiting



[Otoyama, M., et. Al., 2021. ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 13, 5000–5007.](#)

We discussed:

- What is X-ray CT?
- What are the considerations when using X-ray CT for battery research?
- What information can we extract from CT data about batteries?
- Battery analysis examples

Questions & Answers



We'll follow up with your questions.



Recording will be available tomorrow.



Register for the next workshop.

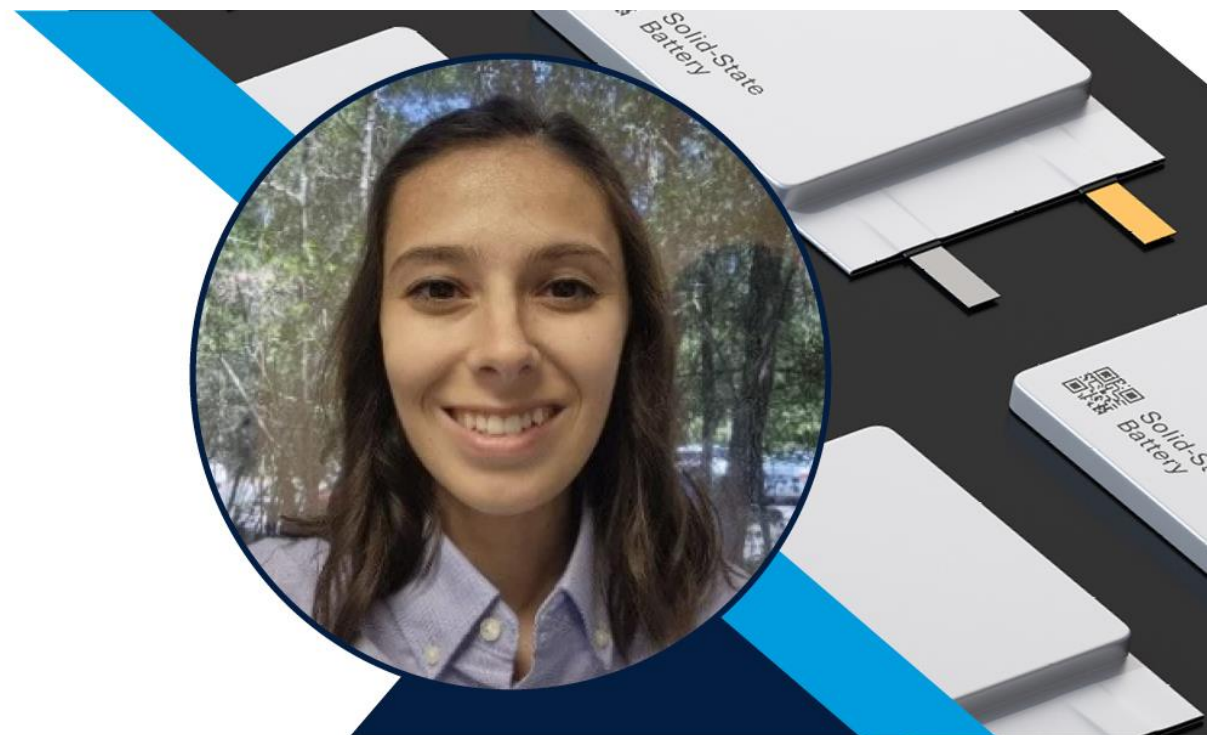
Beneath The Surface: X-Ray Analyses of Battery Materials and Structures

A Battery Webinar Series by Rigaku

Non-destructive Elemental Analysis of Batteries Using XRF

October 16, 2024 at 1:00 PM

Register at [rigaku.com](https://www.rigaku.com)



THANK YOU